



**Vision Sensor  
FH Series  
Vision System**



**3D Robot Vision  
AOS Camera Calibration  
Operation Guide**

**FH-505□**

**FH-SMDA-GS050B**

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## Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the FH Series.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the FH Series.

Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the FH Series before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

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For details on Safety Precautions, refer to Safety Precautions in the *Vision System FH Series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide (Cat. No. Z446)*.

## Warning

For details on Warning, refer to Warning in the *Vision System FH Series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide (Cat. No. Z446)*.



## Precautions for Safe Use

For details on Precautions for Safe Use, refer to Precautions for Safe Use in the *Vision System FH Series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide (Cat. No. Z446)*.

## Precautions for Correct Use

For details on Precautions for Correct Use, refer to Precautions for Correct Use in the *Vision System FH Series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide (Cat. No. Z446)*.

## Regulations and Standards

For details on Regulations and Standards, refer to Regulations and Standards in the *Vision System FH Series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide (Cat. No. Z446)*.

## Related Manuals

Name of Manual	Cat. No.	Model	Purpose	Contents
Vision System FH Instruction Sheet	3102269-4	FH-2□□□ FH-2□□□-□□ FH-5□□□ FH-5□□□-□□	To confirm the safety and usage precautions of the Vision System FH series Sensor Controller.	Describes the definitions of basic terms, meaning of signal words, and precautions for correct use of FH series in the manual.
Vision System FH Instruction Sheet	3648743-1	FH-2□□2 FH-2□□2-□□ FH-5□□2 FH-5□□2-□□	To confirm the safety and usage precautions of the Vision System FH series Sensor Controller.	Describes the definitions of basic terms, meaning of signal words, and precautions for correct use of FH series in the manual.
3D Vision Sensor FH-SMDA Instruction Sheet	3290410-0	FH-SMDA-GS050B	To confirm the safety and usage precautions of the 3D Vision Sensor FH-SMDA.	Describes the definitions of basic terms, the meaning of signal words, and precautions for correct use of 3D Vision Sensor FH-SMDA in the manual.
Vision System FH series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide	Z446	FH-505□ FH-SMDA-GS050B	When User want to know about the FH series 3D robot vision system.	Describes the soft functions, setup, and operations to use FH series 3D robot vision system.
Vision System FH series Hardware Setup Manual for 3D Robot Vision	Z436		When User want to know about the Hard-ware specifications or to setup the Sensor Controller of the FH series 3D robot vision system.	Describes FH series 3D robot vision system specifications, dimensions, part names, I/O information, installation information, and wiring information.
Vision System FH series Processing Item Function Reference Manual for 3D Robot Vision	Z445		When User confirm the details of each processing items at the create the measurement flow or operate it.	Describes the software functions, settings, and operations for using FH series 3D robot vision system.
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide OMRON TM Series Edition	Z447		When connecting FH series 3D robot vision system to the robot	Describes communication settings and sample programs for picking applications that connect FH series 3D robot vision system to the robot.
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide OMRON Viper Series Edition	Z448			
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide FANUC Corporation Edition	Z449			

Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide DENSO WAVE Incorporated Edition	Z458		
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide ABB Edition	Z459		
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide YASKAWA Electric Corporation Edition	Z460		
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide UNIVERSAL ROBOTS Edition	Z463		
Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide NACHI-FUJIKOSHI CORP. Edition	Z464		

## Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.

<b>Cat. No.</b>	<b>Z451-E1-05</b>
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↑  
Revision code

Rev. Code	Rev. Date	Revision Contents
01	Feb. 2021	Original product
02	Jun. 2021	Add the instruction of automatic calibration which manufactured by DENSO, ABB and YASKAWA.
03	Aug. 2021	Add the instruction of automatic calibration which manufactured by UNIVERSAL ROBOTS.
04	Dec. 2021	Add the instruction of automatic calibration which manufactured by NACHI-FUJIKOSHI CORP. Nachi.
05	Jun. 2024	Add the instruction of automatic calibration which manufactured by OMRON TM S series. Additional support for FH-5051 and FH-5052. Revisions for update camera cables model. Added FZ-MEM16G.

## 1. Overview

This manual describes how to perform camera calibration of the FH series vision system FH-SMDA-GS050B 3D vision sensor (hereinafter referred to as the 3D vision sensor). Some descriptions in this manual assume that the FH series vision system (hereinafter referred to as the vision system) is connected to the robot controller. Refer to the *Vision System FH series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide* (Cat. No. Z446) and *Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide* listed in *Related Manuals* in this manual.

## 2. System Configuration

For the system configuration, refer to the following manual.

Please refer to *System Configuration* in the *Vision System FH series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide* (Cat. No. Z446) for details.

## 3. AOS Camera Calibration

This section describes when and how to execute AOS camera calibration.

### 3.1. Overview

The geometric positional relationship inside the 3D vision sensor changes due to temperature changes inside and outside the sensor, which may cause an error in the measurement results. To maintain stable measurement, it is necessary to implement regular calibration, and calibrate the geometric positional relationship between the 3D measurement lighting and imaging units of the 3D vision sensor. In this manual, this calibration is called “AOS camera calibration.”

You can execute AOS camera calibration by using the 3D vision sensor to capture the images of the camera calibration target from two viewpoints, i.e., the near imaging position and the far imaging position.

### 3.2. Executing Timing

Execute AOS camera calibration in the following timing.

- When you install the 3D vision sensor for the first time
- When you change the installation location of the 3D vision sensor
- When one month has passed since you executed AOS camera calibration last time

### 3.3. Calibration Methods

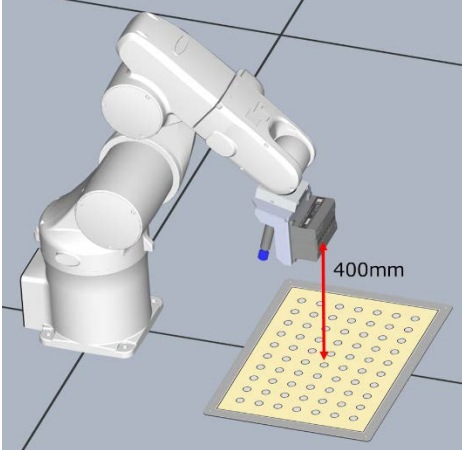
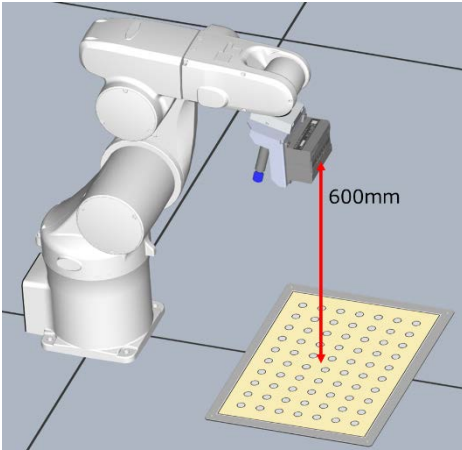
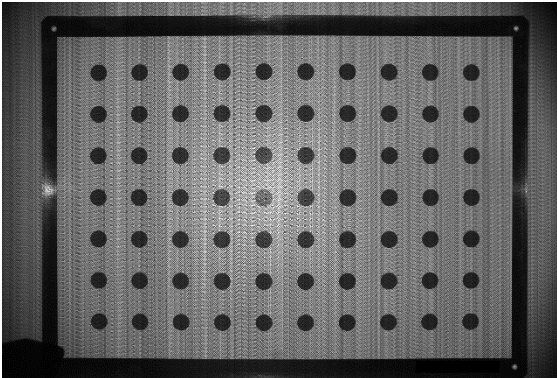
You can execute AOS camera calibration in the following three ways.

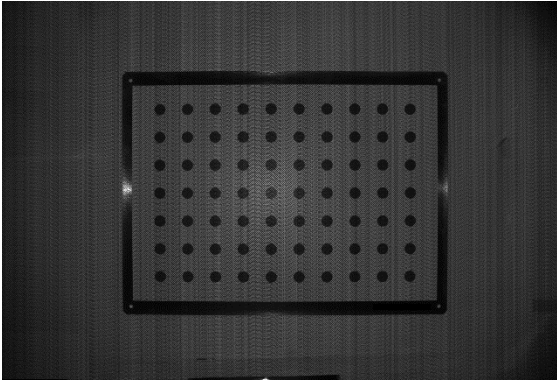
Chapter	Method	Description
3.5	Manual Calibration	The 3D vision sensor or the camera calibration target is moved manually in order to execute AOS camera calibration. If you use the 3D vision sensor alone for workpiece evaluation, etc., use this method to execute AOS camera calibration.
3.6	Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)	The vision system issues motion instructions to the robot to move the 3D vision sensor attached to the robot in order to execute AOS camera calibration.
3.7	Automatic Calibration (Robot Master)	The robot issues motion instructions to the vision system to move the 3D vision sensor attached to the robot in order to execute AOS camera calibration. This method allows AOS camera calibration to be executed automatically from the robot program.



### 3.4. Terminology

Terms related to AOS camera calibration are described below.

Term	Description
Nearest imaging position	<p>The camera position where images of the camera calibration target can be captured at a distance of +400 mm in the direction of the optical axis of the 3D Vision Sensor (i.e., Z axis).</p>  <p>A 3D rendering showing a white robotic arm holding a camera. A red vertical line indicates the distance from the camera's optical axis to a yellow calibration target with a grid of black dots. The distance is labeled as 400mm.</p>
Far imaging position	<p>The camera position where images of the camera calibration target can be captured at a distance of +600 mm in the direction of the optical axis of the 3D Vision Sensor (i.e., Z axis).</p>  <p>A 3D rendering showing a white robotic arm holding a camera. A red vertical line indicates the distance from the camera's optical axis to a yellow calibration target with a grid of black dots. The distance is labeled as 600mm.</p>
Near image	<p>A measurement image at the near imaging position Image example:</p>  <p>A grayscale image showing a grid of black dots on a textured background, representing a calibration target.</p>

<p>Far image</p>	<p>A measurement image at the far imaging position Image example:</p> 
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## 3.5. Manual Calibration

Set up and execute a calibration by manually moving the 3D vision sensor. For the input image, a dedicated 3D vision sensor and a measurement image from the **Camera Image Input AOS** processing item are required. To execute a calibration, you need two measurement images: the near image that is captured at a distance of 400 mm and the far image captured at a distance of 600 mm from the 3D vision sensor.

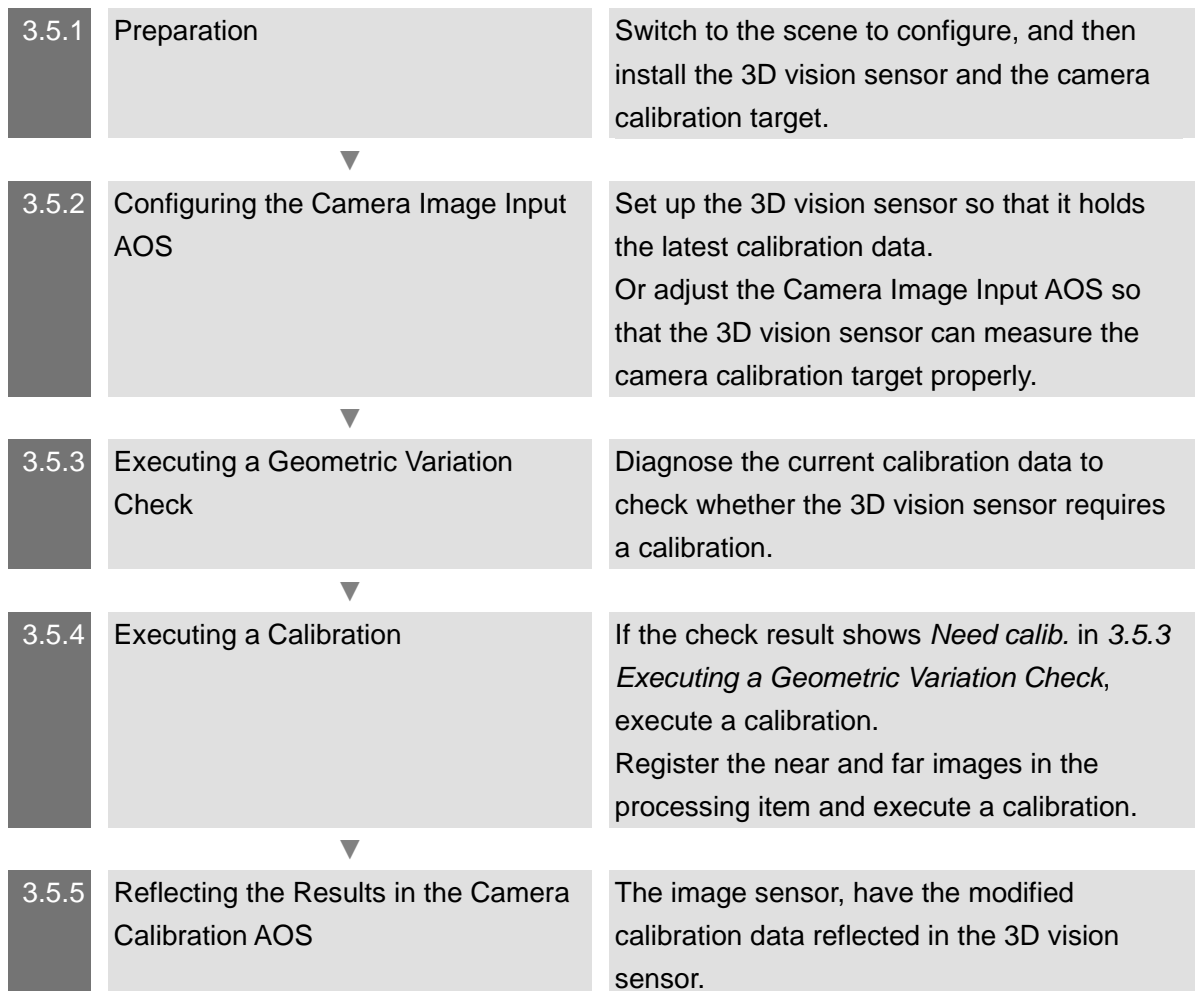
It is a requirement that you complete up to Chapter 7 *3D Sensor Software Installation* of the *Vision System FH series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide* (Cat. No. Z446). This section assumes that the Layout 0 window is used.



### Precautions for Correct Use

- Set up the 3D vision sensor and the camera calibration target so that the distance between them can be changed within a range of 400 to 600 mm.

Use the following work flow to configure the settings.



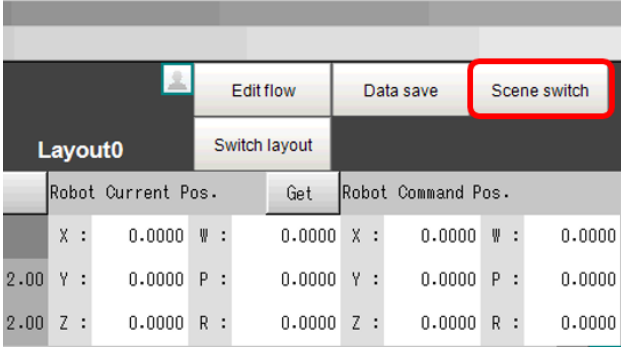
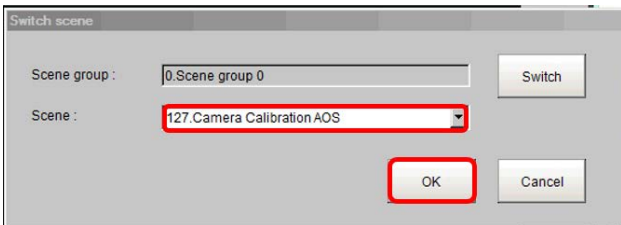
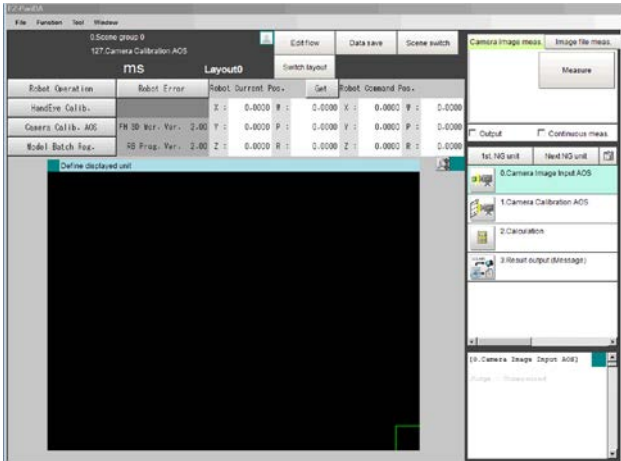
### 3.5.1. Preparation

To reliably detect the camera calibration target, make the following software and hardware preparation in advance.

Software preparation: Switch to the scene to configure.

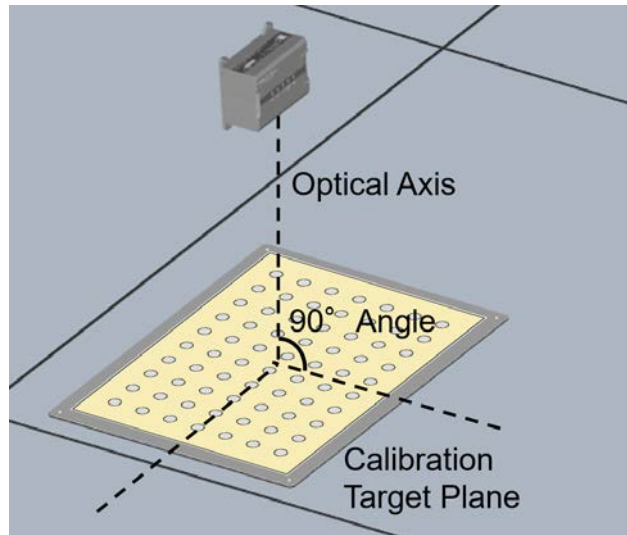
Loading a sensor controller project sets the scene named *Pick on hand\_6 axis\_XXX* for Scene No. 0 as a sample scene for the pick application.

Hardware preparation: Install the 3D vision sensor and the camera calibration target.

Step	Description	Window image, diagram
1	<p>Software preparation: In the main window of the vision system, click the <b>Scene switch</b> button.</p> <p>Select the scene No. 127 Camera Calibration AOS. Click <b>OK</b> to switch the scene.</p>	  

2 Hardware preparation: Place the camera calibration target so that the following conditions are met.

- It is seen that the 3D vision sensor is placed directly above the center of the camera calibration target.
- It is seen that the optical axis of the 3D vision sensor forms an angle of  $90 \pm 5$  degrees with the plane of the camera calibration target.



There are two methods of movement, for example.

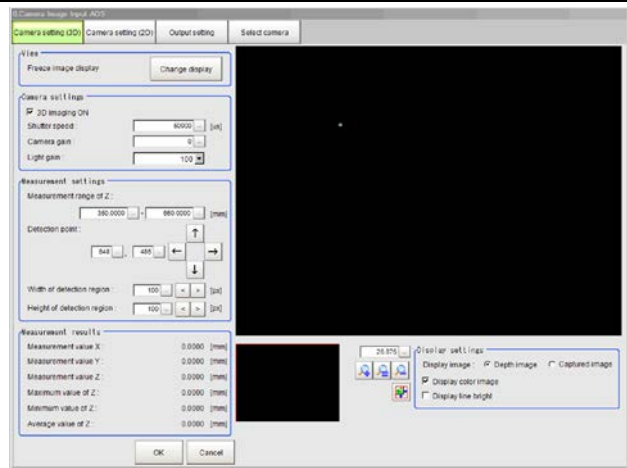
1. Move the 3D vision sensor attached to the camera stand.
2. Move the camera calibration target with the 3D vision sensor fixed.

### 3.5.2. Configuring the Camera Image Input AOS

Set the imaging position, shutter speed, camera gain, and measurement range of Z so that the camera calibration target can be measured properly.

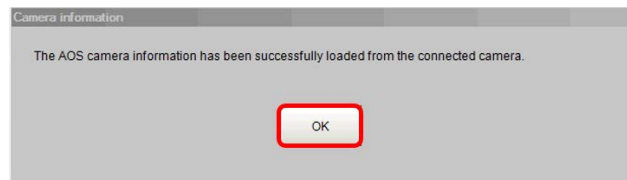
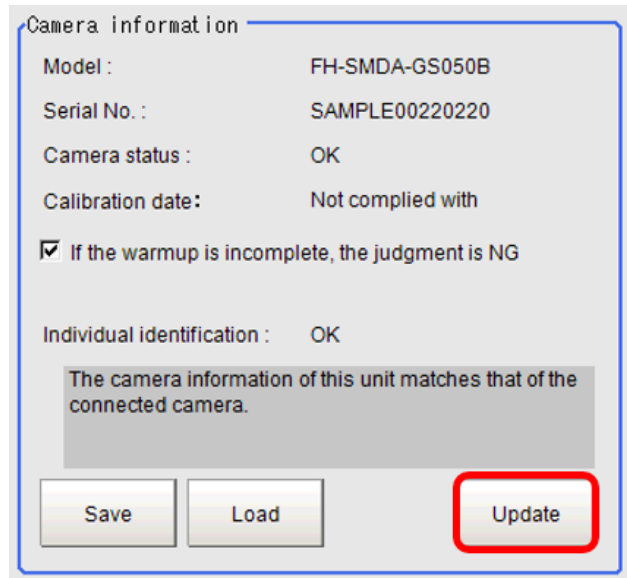
Make sure that the warmup of the 3D vision sensor is completed before you perform the procedure below.

Step	Description	Window image, diagram
1	In the main window, click the <b>0. Camera Image Input AOS</b> icon to open the setting window.	<p>The screenshot shows a software menu with four items: '0.Camera Image Input AOS' (highlighted with a red box), '1.Camera Calibration AOS', '2.Calculation', and '3.Result output (Message)'. The menu has a light blue header and a white background.</p>



2 Select the **Select camera** tab.

Click the **Update** button to update the calibration data held in the **Camera Image Input AOS** processing item.



To back up the current calibration data, click the **Save** button to save the AOS camera information.

Camera information

Model : FH-SMDA-GS050B  
Serial No. : SAMPLE00220220  
Camera status : OK  
Calibration date : Not complied with

If the warmup is incomplete, the judgment is NG

Individual identification : OK

The camera information of this unit matches that of the connected camera.

Save Load Update

File name : AosCameraInfo.bin  
Type : AOS Camera Information File

OK Cancel

Camera information

The AOS camera information has been successfully saved to the file.

OK

3 Select the **Camera setting (3D)** tab page.

Confirm that the **3D imaging ON** check box is selected.

0.Camera Image Input AOS

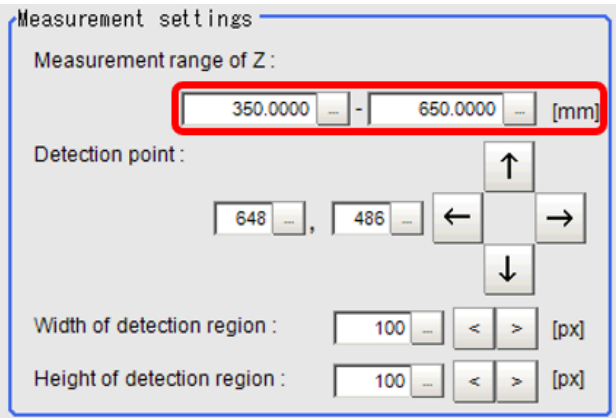
Camera setting (3D) Camera setting (2D) Output setting Select camera

Camera settings

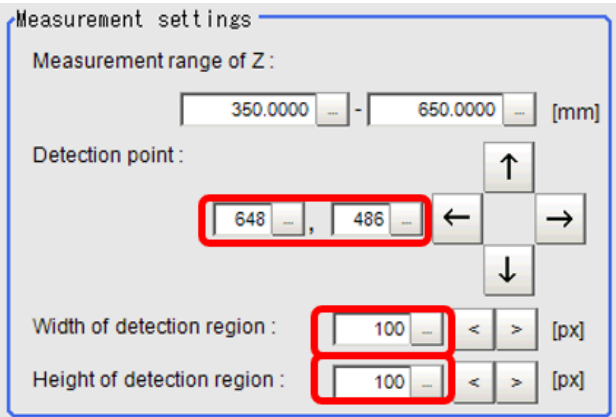
3D imaging ON

Shutter speed : 50000 [us]  
Camera gain : 0  
Light gain : 100

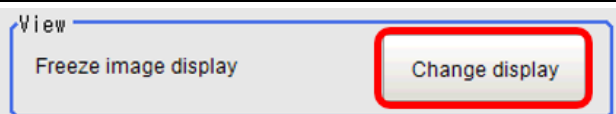
Confirm that **Measurement range of Z** is set to 350 to 650 mm.



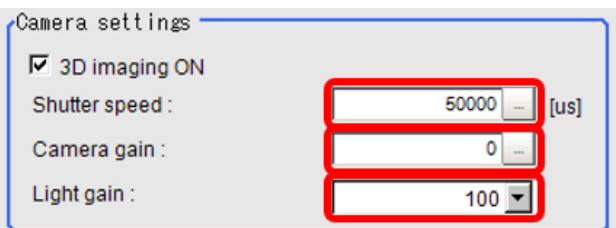
Confirm that **Detection point** is set to the center of the image.  
 Confirm that **Width of detection region** and **Height of detection region** are set to 100.



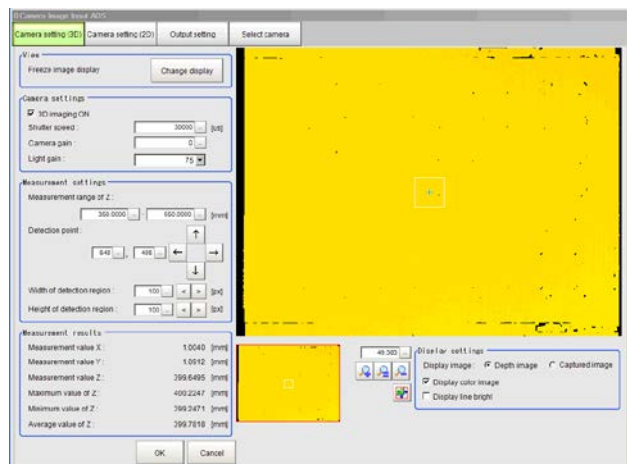
4 Click the **Change display** button to display the through image.



While viewing the through image, set **Shutter speed**, **Camera gain**, and **Light gain** so that the exposure is appropriate.

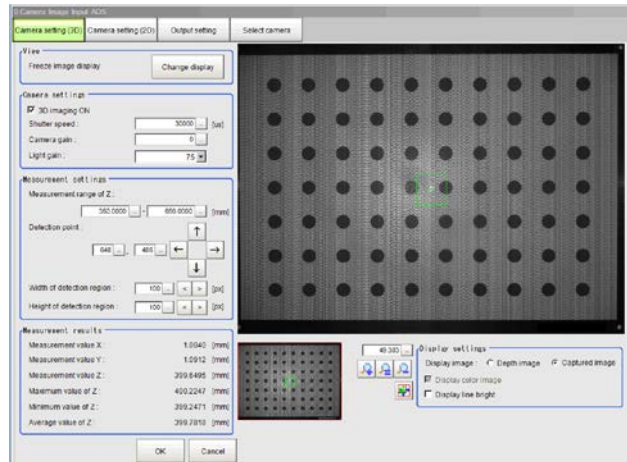
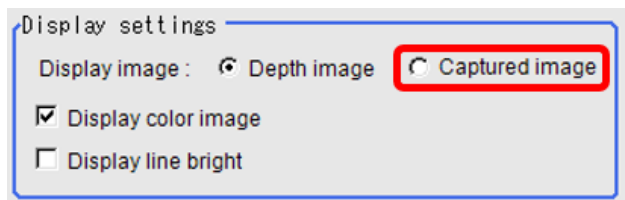


If the exposure is appropriate, the distance image of the camera calibration target is displayed as shown in the figure on the right.  
 On the camera calibration target, the boundaries of dots may have some lost point clouds.

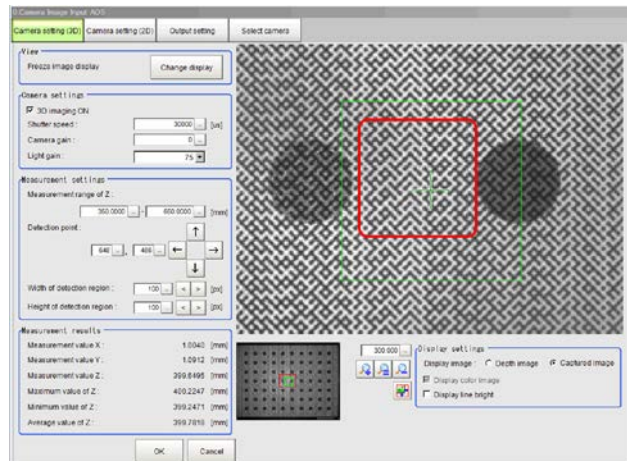




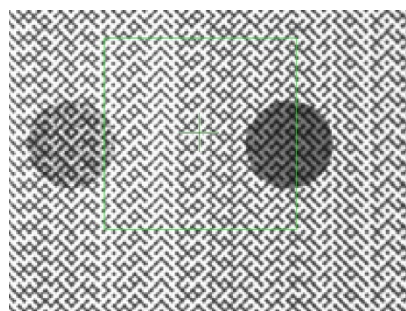
Select the **Captured image** option to display the captured image with a pattern. Confirm that the calibration target is captured.



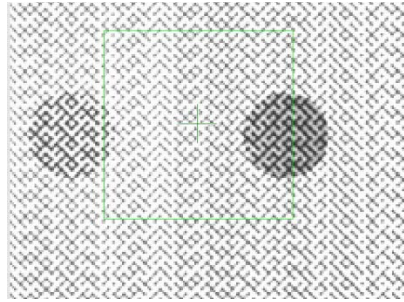
With the detection point placed in a white area on the plate as shown in the figure on the right, adjust the settings so that the contrast between the pattern and the background is high.



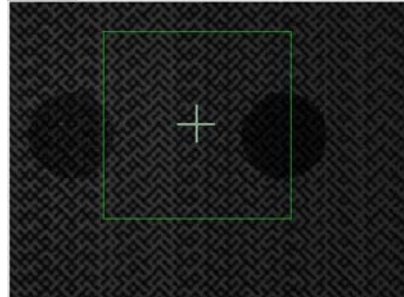
Good image example:



Bad image example 1 (Too bright):



Bad image example 2 (Too dark):

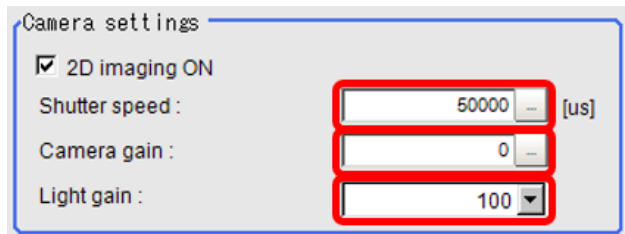
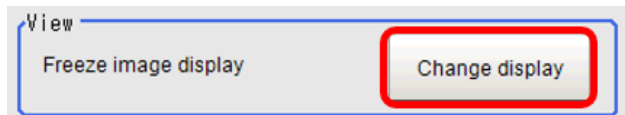
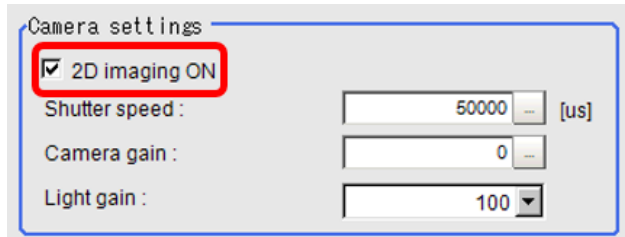


- 5 Select the **Camera setting (2D)** tab page.

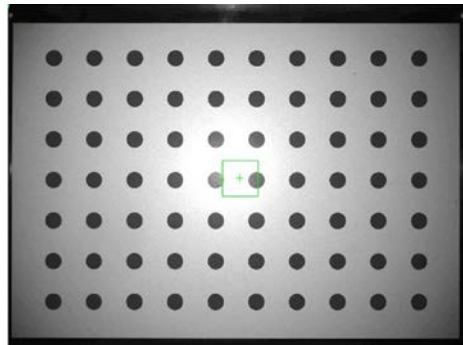
Confirm that the **2D imaging ON** check box is selected.

Click the **Change display** button to display the through image.

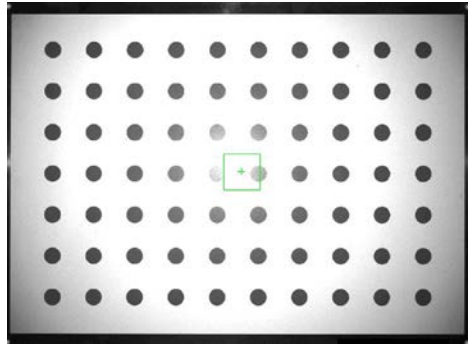
While viewing the through image, set **Shutter speed**, **Camera gain**, and **Light gain** so that the dot pattern is visible without halation on the camera calibration target image.



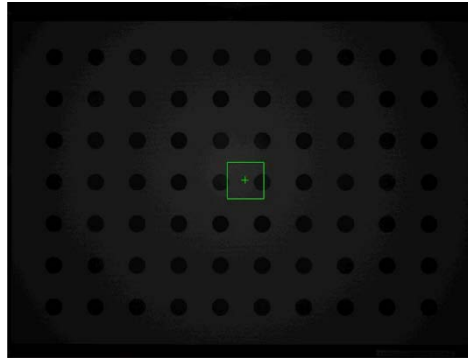
Good image example:



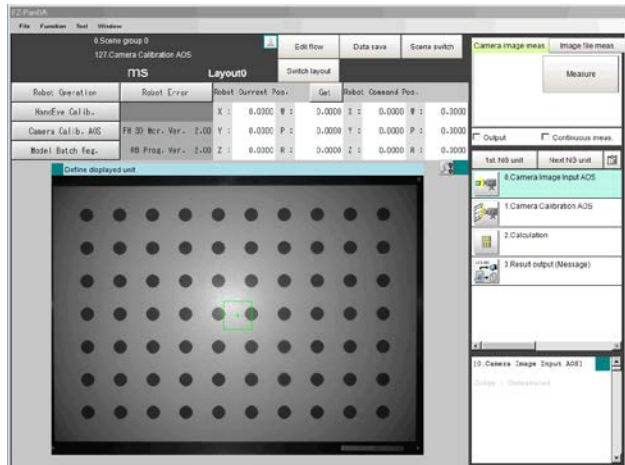
Bad image example 1 (Too bright):



Bad image example 2 (Too dark):

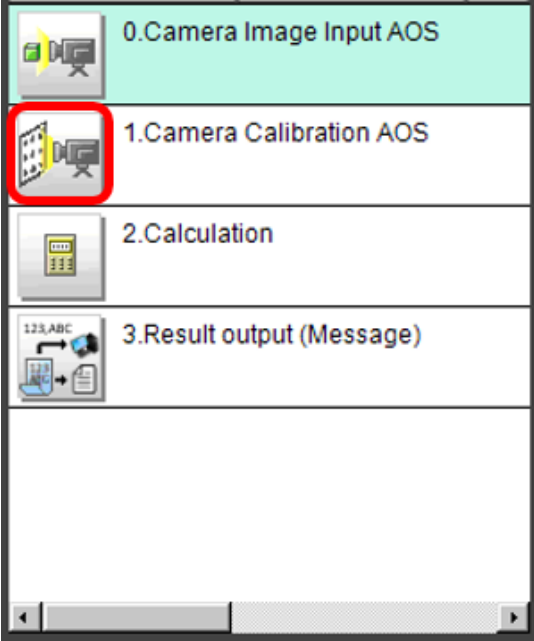
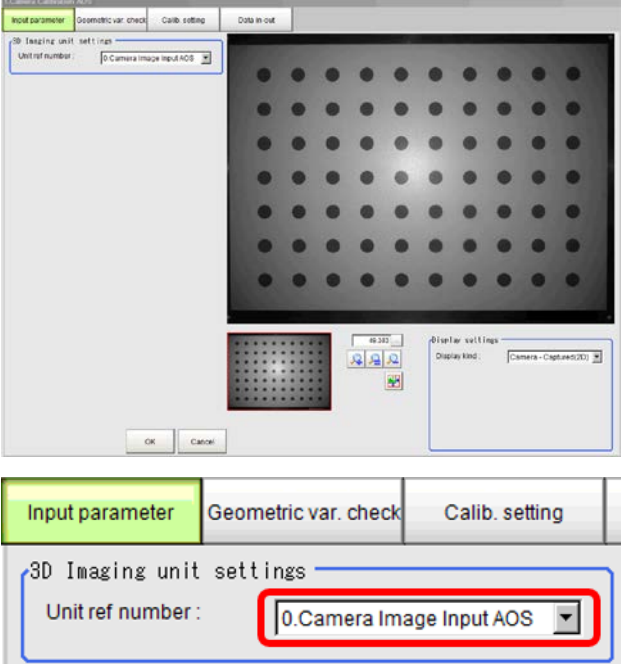
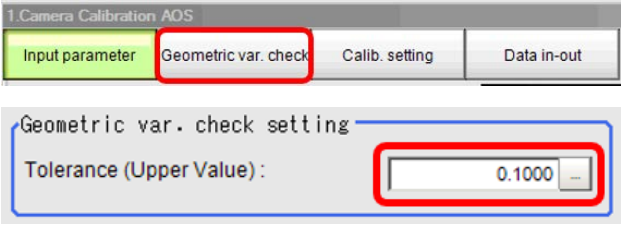


- 6 If there are no more changes, click the **OK** button to close the setting window.



### 3.5.3. Executing a Geometric Variation Check

Execute a geometric variation check. If the geometric variation value is within the allowable range, there is no need to perform the calibration steps in 3.5.4 and later.

Step	Description	Window image, diagram
1	Open the <b>Camera Image Input AOS</b> processing item.	
	In the <b>Input parameter</b> tab page, confirm that <b>Unit ref number</b> matches the unit number of the <b>Camera Image Input AOS</b> processing item set in 3.5.2.	
2	Open the <b>Geometric var. check</b> tab page.  Confirm that <b>Tolerance (Upper Value)</b> is set to the recommended value (0.1).	

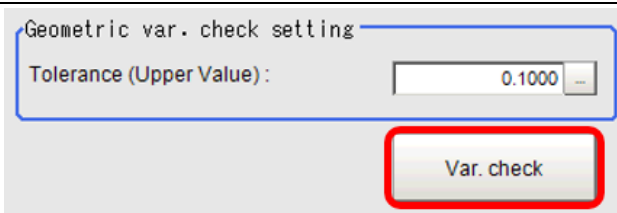
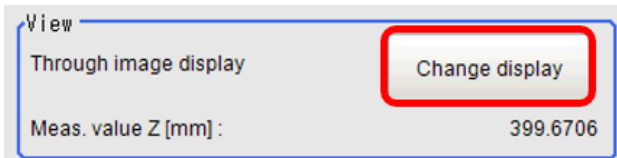
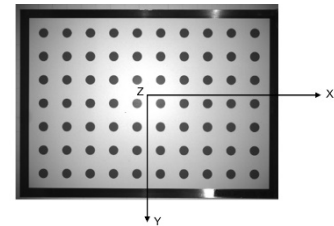
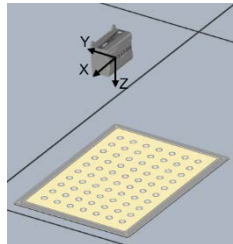
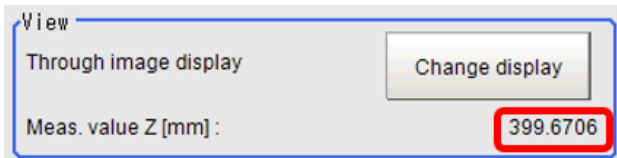
- 3 Click the **Change display** button to display the through image.

Confirm that **Meas. value Z** is within  $400 \pm 5$  mm and visually check that the optical axis of the 3D vision sensor is perpendicular to the plane of the plate.

Refer to the figure on the right for the posture of the camera calibration target.

After you check the above, click the **Change display** button once again to return to the freeze image display.

- 4 Click the **Var. check** button to display the results of the geometric variation check in the **Geometric var. check result** area.



If **Geometric var. check result** shows *No need calib.*, AOS camera calibration is unnecessary. This means that there is no need to perform 3.5.4 *Executing a Calibration* and later procedures.

Geometric var. check result	
Geometric var. value :	0.0577
Geometric var. check result :	<b>No need calib.</b>
Meas. value Z of plate [mm] :	399.0599
Detected posture RX of plate [deg] :	0.5741
Detected posture RY of plate [deg] :	0.2790
Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] :	-0.3257

In this case, in the **Select camera** tab page of the **Camera Image Input AOS** processing item, **Calibration date** remains *Not complied with*. However, it is not a problem.

Camera information	
Model :	FH-SMDA-GS050B
Serial No. :	SAMPLE00220220
Camera status :	OK
Calibration date :	<b>Not complied with</b>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If the warmup is incomplete, the judgment is NG	
Individual identification :	OK
The camera information of this unit matches that of the connected camera.	
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Load"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/>	

If **Geometric var. check result** shows *Need calib.*, the 3D vision sensor requires a calibration. Follow the steps in 3.5.4 *Executing a Calibration* to set up the vision system.

Geometric var. check result	
Geometric var. value :	0.3300
Geometric var. check result :	<b>Need calib.</b>
Meas. value Z of plate [mm] :	396.0393
Detected posture RX of plate [deg] :	0.5844
Detected posture RY of plate [deg] :	0.2217
Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] :	-0.1217

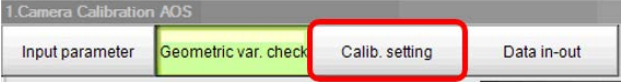
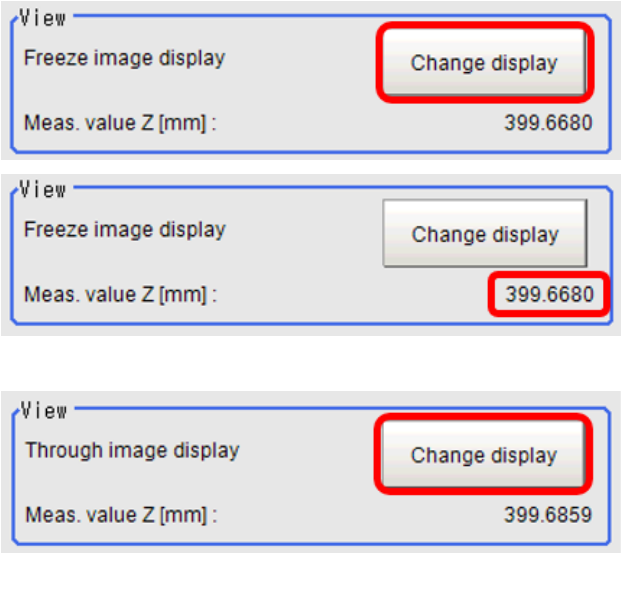
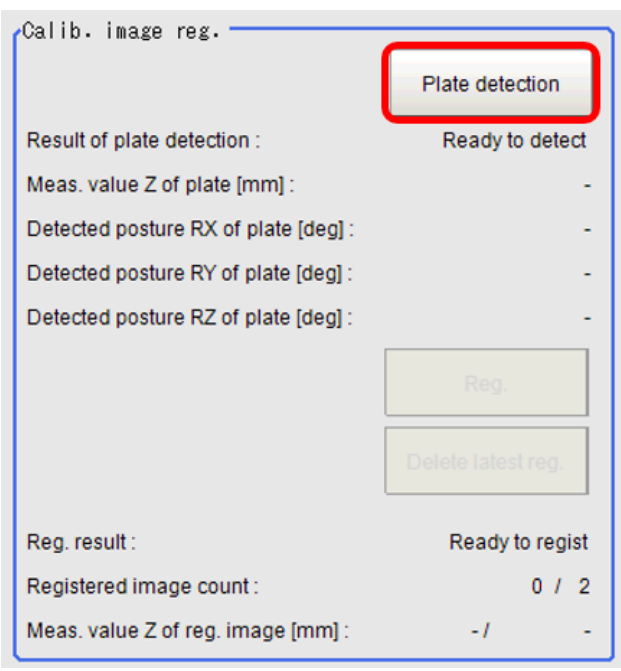
If **Geometric var. check result** shows *Plate detection failure*, *Wrong plate posture*, etc., and the variation check fails, adjust the position of the camera calibration target or the image input settings in the Camera Image Input AOS.

Geometric var. check result	
Geometric var. value :	-
Geometric var. check result :	<b>Wrong plate posture</b>
Meas. value Z of plate [mm] :	396.9607
Detected posture RX of plate [deg] :	0.5565
Detected posture RY of plate [deg] :	0.2880
Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] :	-15.8858



### 3.5.4. Executing a Calibration

If the check result shows *Need calib.* in 3.5.3 *Executing a Geometric Variation Check*, execute a calibration. Follow the steps below to register the near and far images, and execute a calibration.

Step	Description	Window image, diagram
1	Select the <b>Calib. setting</b> tab page.	 <p>The screenshot shows a window titled '1. Camera Calibration AOS' with four tabs: 'Input parameter', 'Geometric var. check', 'Calib. setting', and 'Data in-out'. The 'Calib. setting' tab is highlighted with a red box.</p>
2	<p>Click the <b>Change display</b> button to display the through image.</p> <p>Confirm that <b>Meas. value Z</b> is within <math>400 \pm 5</math> mm and visually check that the optical axis of the 3D vision sensor is perpendicular to the plane of the plate.</p> <p>After you check the above, click the <b>Change display</b> button once again to return to the freeze image display.</p>	 <p>The first screenshot shows the 'Freeze image display' view with a 'Change display' button highlighted in red. The 'Meas. value Z [mm]' is 399.6680.</p> <p>The second screenshot shows the 'Through image display' view with a 'Change display' button highlighted in red. The 'Meas. value Z [mm]' is 399.6680.</p> <p>The third screenshot shows the 'Through image display' view with a 'Change display' button highlighted in red. The 'Meas. value Z [mm]' is 399.6859.</p>
3	Click the <b>Plate detection</b> button to detect the camera calibration target.	 <p>The screenshot shows a window titled 'Calib. image reg.' with a 'Plate detection' button highlighted in red. Below the button, the 'Result of plate detection' is 'Ready to detect'. Other fields show 'Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : -', 'Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : -', 'Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : -', and 'Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -'. There are 'Reg.' and 'Delete latest reg.' buttons. At the bottom, 'Reg. result' is 'Ready to register', 'Registered image count' is '0 / 2', and 'Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm]' is '- / -'.</p>

Confirm that **Result of plate detection** shows *Plate detection success*.

Confirm that **Meas. value Z of plate** shows a value around 400 mm.

The screenshot shows the 'Calib. image reg.' window. At the top right is a 'Plate detection' button. Below it, the 'Result of plate detection' is 'Plate detection success', and 'Meas. value Z of plate [mm]' is '396.1320'. Other data includes 'Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5788', 'Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2442', and 'Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.2950'. At the bottom, there is a 'Reg.' button, a 'Delete latest reg.' button, and status information: 'Reg. result : Ready to register', 'Registered image count : 0 / 2', and 'Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : - / -'. Red boxes highlight the 'Plate detection success' text and the '396.1320' value.

4 Click the **Reg.** button to register the captured image.

This screenshot is identical to the one above, but the 'Reg.' button is highlighted with a red box. The 'Result of plate detection' is now 'Plate detection success' and 'Meas. value Z of plate [mm]' is '396.1320'. The 'Reg. result' is 'Ready to register' and 'Registered image count' is '0 / 2'.



Confirm that **Reg. result** shows *Reg. success* and **Registered image count** shows 1 / 2.

Calib. image reg.

Plate detection

Result of plate detection : Plate detection success

Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : 396.1320

Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5788

Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2442

Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.2950

Reg.

Delete latest reg.

Reg. result : **Reg. success**

Registered image count : **1 / 2**

Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : 396.1320 / -

- 5 Click the **Change display** button to display the through image. Move the 3D vision sensor or the camera calibration target so that the distance from the 3D vision sensor to the camera calibration target is 600 mm.

Confirm that **Meas. value Z** is around 600 mm and visually check that the optical axis of the 3D vision sensor is perpendicular to the plane of the plate.

After you check the above, click the **Change display** button once again to return to the freeze image display.

View

Freeze image display

Change display

Meas. value Z [mm] : 399.6767

View

Through image display

Change display

Meas. value Z [mm] : **600.3303**

View

Through image display

Change display

Meas. value Z [mm] : 600.3303

- 6 Click the **Plate detection** button to detect the camera calibration target.

Confirm that the detection result of the camera calibration target shows *Plate detection success*. Confirm that **Meas. value Z of plate** shows a value around 600 mm.

Calib. image reg.

**Plate detection**

Result of plate detection : Plate detection success

Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : 396.1320

Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5788

Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2442

Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.2950

Reg.

Delete latest reg.

Reg. result : Reg. success

Registered image count : 1 / 2

Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : 396.1320 / -

Calib. image reg.

Plate detection

Result of plate detection : **Plate detection success**

Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : **593.2310**

Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5825

Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2884

Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.3610

Reg.

Delete latest reg.

Reg. result : Reg. success

Registered image count : 1 / 2

Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : 396.1320 / -

7 Click the **Reg.** button.

Calib. image reg.

Plate detection

Result of plate detection : Plate detection success

Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : 593.2310

Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5825

Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2884

Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.3610

Reg.

Delete latest reg.

Reg. result : Reg. success

Registered image count : 1 / 2

Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : 396.1320 / -

Confirm that **Reg. result** shows *Reg. success* and **Registered image count** shows 2 / 2.

Calib. image reg.

Plate detection

Result of plate detection : Plate detection success

Meas. value Z of plate [mm] : 593.2310

Detected posture RX of plate [deg] : 0.5825

Detected posture RY of plate [deg] : 0.2884

Detected posture RZ of plate [deg] : -0.3610

Reg.

Delete latest reg.

Reg. result : Reg. success

Registered image count : 2 / 2

Meas. value Z of reg. image [mm] : 396.1320 / 593.2310

8 Click the **Execute calib.** button to execute calibration with the registered images.

Execute calib.

Result of calib.

Geometric var. before calib. : -

Geometric var. after calib. : -

Result of calib. : Ready to correct

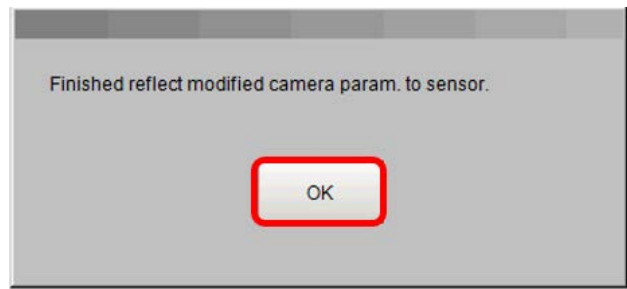
<p>Confirm that <b>Result of calib.</b> shows <i>Calib. success</i>.</p>	
--	--

### 3.5.5. Reflecting the Results in the Camera Calibration AOS

Follow the steps below to have the modified calibration data reflected in the 3D vision sensor.

Step	Description	Window image, diagram
1	Select the <b>Data in-out</b> tab page.	
2	<p>Click the <b>Reflect</b> button.</p> <p>Click the <b>OK</b> button in the writing warning dialog box.</p> <p>The message <b>Finished reflect modified camera param. to sensor</b> is displayed to indicate that the writing is successful.</p>	  

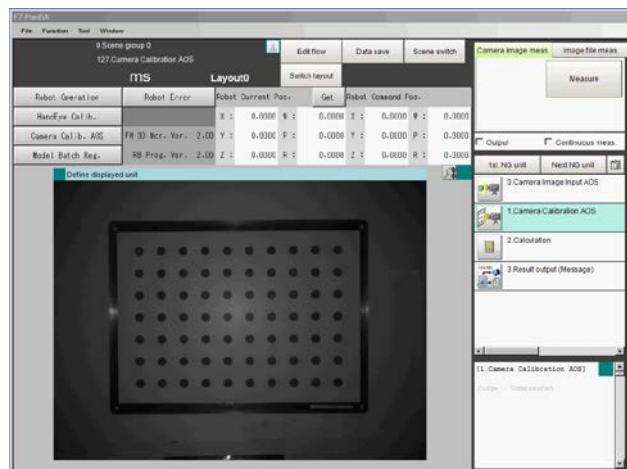
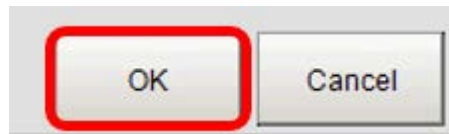
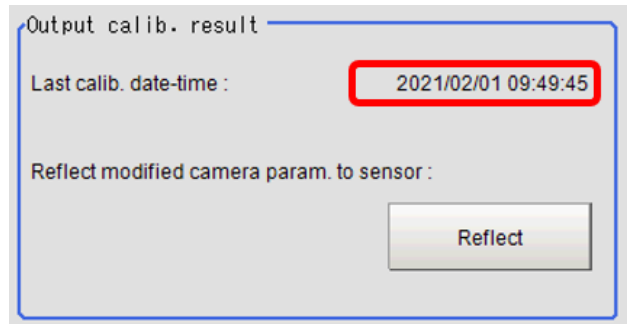
Click the **OK** button to close the writing successful message dialog box.



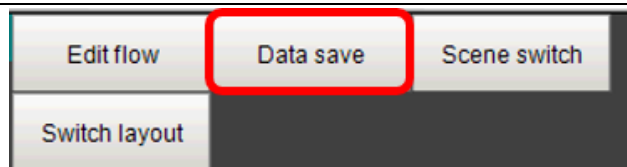
Confirm that the time shown in **Last calib. date-time** matches the time when the calibration was executed.

The execution date and time of calibration is the internal date and time of the vision system that indicates when the **Execute calib.** button was clicked.

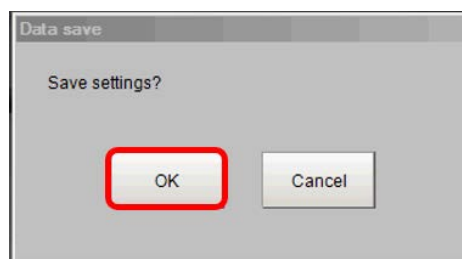
Click the **OK** button to close the **Camera Image Input AOS** processing item setting window.



3 In the main window, click the **Data save** button.



In the confirmation dialog box, click the **OK** button. This completes the AOS camera calibration.



### **3.5.6. Troubleshooting for AOS Camera Calibration**

If AOS camera calibration fails, refer to *Key Points for Test Measurement and Adjustment* for each processing item in the *Vision System FH series Processing Item Function Reference Manual for 3D Robot Vision* (Cat. No. Z445).

### 3.6. Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)

---

With the 3D vision sensor attached to the robot hand, send control instructions from the vision system to the robot. As the robot moves, the 3D vision sensor moves and automatically sets up and execute a calibration.

It is a requirement that you complete up to Chapter 7 *3D Sensor Software Installation* of the *Vision System FH series 3D Robot Vision Application Construction Guide* (Cat. No. Z446).

This section assumes that the Layout 2 window is used.

## Warning

- Make sure that you always use a sensor controller project that matches the robot type. If the type is mismatched, the robot may operate in an unexpected manner.
- Make sure that the robot is operated by personnel who have completed special training for safety and health.
- Make sure that you can stop the operation of the robot at any time by pressing the emergency stop button.



### Precautions for Correct Use

---

- For robot-related settings, refer to the *Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide* corresponding to each robot in *Related Manuals*.
  - Set the position of the robot hand so that the distance between the 3D vision sensor and the camera calibration target can be changed within a range of 400 to 600 mm.
  - This wizard configures only the minimum required settings. To configure advanced settings, refer to the following document listed in *Related Manuals* in this manual. *Vision System FH series Processing Item Function Reference Manual for 3D Robot Vision* (Cat. No. Z445)
- 



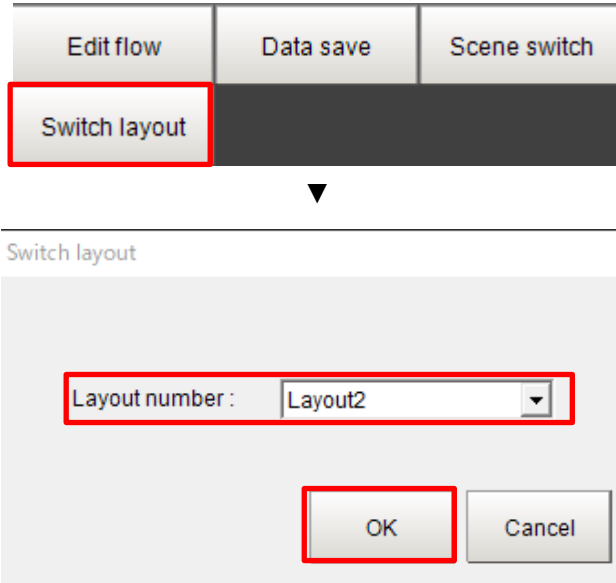
### Additional Information

---

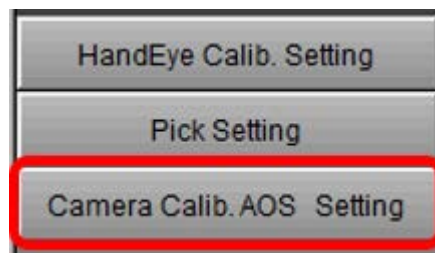
If the wizard does not work as described, you may not have followed the procedure correctly. Redo from the beginning of the wizard.

---

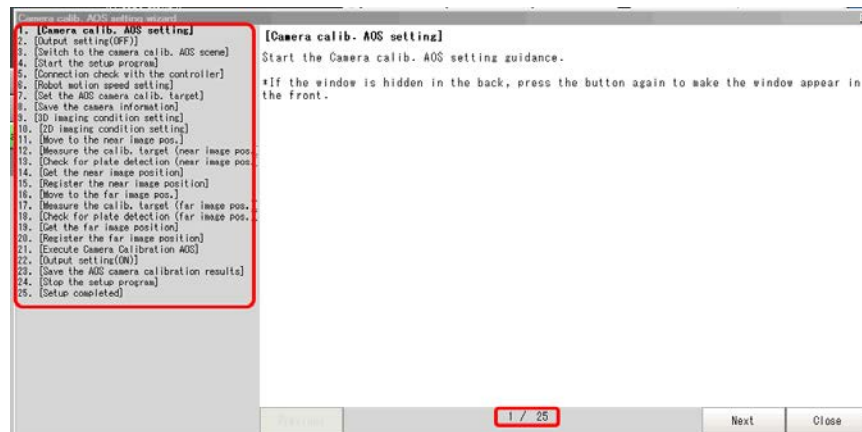
- 1 In the main window, click the **Switch layout** button and switch to *Layout2*.



- 2 In the main window, click the **Camera Calib. AOS Setting** button to start the wizard.

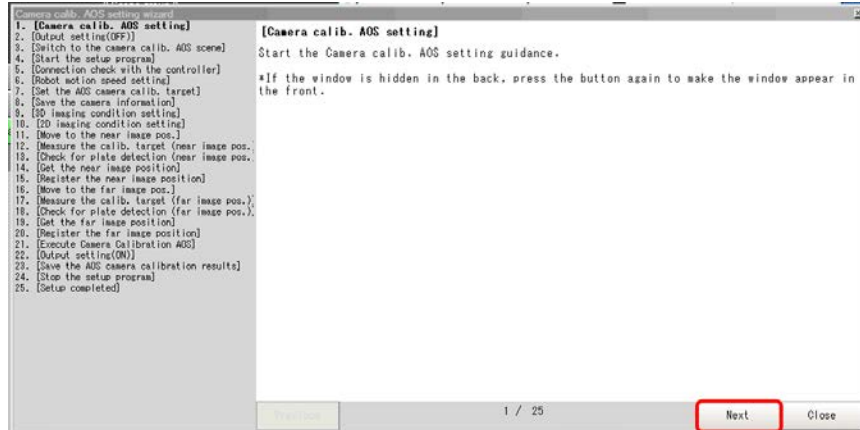


- 3 Read the wizard instructions and configure the settings on pages 1/25 to 25/25 of the wizard.





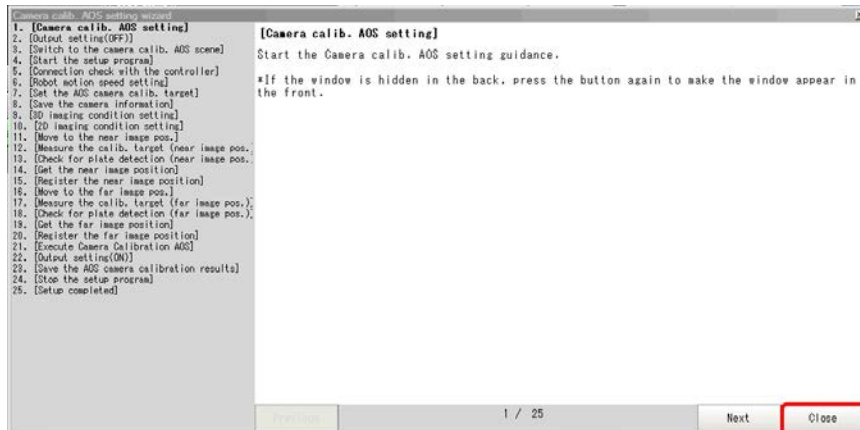
To configure the settings on the next page, click the **Next** button.



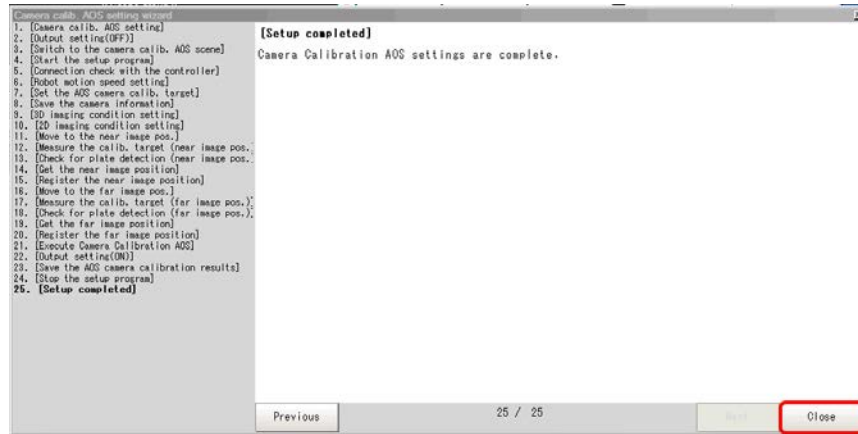
To return to the settings on the previous page, click the **Previous** button.



To close the wizard, click the **Close** button.



- 4 This completes the Camera Calibration AOS setting.  
Click the **Close** button to close the wizard.



### 3.7. Automatic Calibration (Robot Master)

This section describes an example of designing a robot program that automatically executes AOS camera calibration by control instructions from the robot, using a sample program for AOS camera calibration (fhsample\_calaos).

To execute AOS camera calibration with the method described in this section, it is required that you set up the vision sensor according to the method described in 3.6. *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)* and that you place the camera calibration target in the position where you placed it during the setup.

The robot program consists of the following steps. If you need detailed information on each function, refer to the *Vision System FH series Robot Connection Guide* corresponding to each robot manufacturer.



#### Precautions for Correct Use

- The implementation procedure of the robot program described in this section is for reference only. Design, implement, and test the robot program for actual operation according to your environment.
- In the main window of the vision system, or in the Layout setup, make sure that **Output** is ON for the current layout. If it is OFF, the vision system does not output measurement values.

### 3.7.1. For OMRON Viper Series

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the vision system to the robot controller.

1	Declare internal variables. * Description omitted (Refer to the source code.)
2	Execute the global variable initialization function (fhdefglobal). <pre>CALL fhdefglobal()      Initialization function for external variables socket_no = 0 err_no = success  cur_local_coord = 0 cur_tool_coord = 0  cmd_res = 0 warmup_flg = 0  TYPE "Initialization Done."</pre>
3	Set the IP address and port number of the vision system as variables (if the default values need to be changed). <pre>;Set the network configuration \$ip_address = "10.5.5.100"  IP address \$port_no = "9876"         Port number retries_connect = 2 ;times timeout_connect = 4 ;sec retry_count = 2 ;times time_out = 4 ;sec</pre>
4	With the variables set as arguments, execute the connection function (fhconnect). <pre>;Connect to the FH server WHILE bconnected == 0 DO     CALL fhconnect(\$ip_address, \$port_no, retries_connect, timeout_connect, socket_no, err_no)     Connection function with the Vision Sensor (FH server) ; Error check IF err_no &lt;&gt; success THEN     TYPE "ERROR: fhsample_main(): Connection failed. Exit:", err_no     GOTO 11 END END TYPE "Connection Done."</pre>

## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable. With the variable set as an argument, execute the scene switching function (fhsample\_chgsn).

```
scene_no = 127
```

Scene number

```
CALL fhsample_chgsn(socket_no, retry_count, time_out, scene_no, err_no)
```

Scene switching command execution sample function

```
; Error check
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

```
TYPE "ERROR: fhsample_main():Change scene No. failed. Exit :", err_no
```

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Get Camera Status
```

```
WHILE warmup_flg == 0 DO
```

```
cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CAMERA_STATUS"
```

```
cmd_arg[0] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg[1] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg[2] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg[3] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg[4] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg_num = 0
```

```
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN          numerical sequence receiving function
    GOTO 10
END
IF param[0] <> 0 THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the vision system until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

```
CASE param[1] OF
    VALUE -1:
        warmup_flg = 0
        WAIT 1000
    VALUE 1:
        warmup_flg = 1
    ANY
        GOTO 10
END
END
```

If the camera status is warmup incomplete, send the camera status acquisition command again.

If the camera status is warmup complete, proceed to the next processing.

### Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the vision system and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Get Calib time
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIBTIME_COMP"
$cmd_arg[0] = ""
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
cmd_arg_num = 0
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN          nonprocedural command transmission function
    GOTO 10
END
```

- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (fhsample\_main) without executing camera calibration.

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN numerical sequence receiving function
```

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

```
IF param[0] <> 0 THEN
```

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

```
IF param[1] == 1 THEN
```

```
TYPE "The calibration date and the current date have been matched"
```

```
TYPE "Calibration is not necessary"
```

```
GOTO 11
```

```
END
```

If calibration is not required, execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

### Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument \$cmd\_arg[0] to 1.

To send the camera calibration mode change command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Set Calib mode
```

```
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
```

```
$cmd_arg[0] = "1"
```

Set the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration.

```
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg_num = 1
```

```
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN nonprocedural command transmission function
```

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END  
IF param[0] <> 0 THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END
```

numerical sequence receiving function

### Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument \$cmd\_arg[0] to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Get Calib Position Near
```

```
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
```

```
$cmd_arg[0] = "0"
```

```
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg_num = 1
```

```
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position.

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval). Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables.

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END  
IF param[0] <> 0 THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END
```

numerical sequence receiving function



```
cal_pos_near_x = param[1]
cal_pos_near_y = param[2]
cal_pos_near_z = param[3]
cal_pos_near_w = param[4]
cal_pos_near_p = param[5]
cal_pos_near_r = param[6]
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
;Move the calib position near
```

```
CALL fhsample_move(cal_pos_near_x, cal_pos_near_y, cal_pos_near_z,
cal_pos_near_w, cal_pos_near_p, cal_pos_near_r, err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

Robot motion sample function

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

## ! WARNING

- These operations drive the robot.
- Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Send Measure Command
```

```
$cmd_name = "MEASURE"
```

```
$cmd_arg[0] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg_num = 0
```

```
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the vision system, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
;Recv Command Response
CALL fhrunrecvres(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, cmd_res, err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
;Command Response Check
IF cmd_res <> 1 THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

command response receiving function

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the vision system is sent as "TJG."

```
;Get the Measurement Result
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
;Total Judge Check
IF param[0] <> 1 THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

numerical sequence receiving function

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument \$cmd\_arg[0] to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Get Calib Position Far
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
$cmd_arg[0] = "1"
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
cmd_arg_num = 1
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

Set this argument to 1 to acquire the far imaging position.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval). Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables.

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
IF param[0] <> 0 THEN
    GOTO 10
END
cal_pos_far_x = param[1]
cal_pos_far_y = param[2]
cal_pos_far_z = param[3]
cal_pos_far_w = param[4]
cal_pos_far_p = param[5]
cal_pos_far_r = param[6]
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
;Move the calib position Far
CALL fhsample_move(cal_pos_far_x, cal_pos_far_y, cal_pos_far_z,
cal_pos_far_w, cal_pos_far_p, cal_pos_far_r, err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

Robot motion sample function

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
;Send Measure Command
$cmd_name = "MEASURE"
$cmd_arg[0] = ""
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
cmd_arg_num = 0
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the vision system, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
;Recv Command Response
CALL fhrunrecvres(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, cmd_res, err_no)
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO 10
END
```

Command response receiving function

```
;Command Response Check
```

```
IF cmd_res <> 1 THEN  
    GOTO 10  
END
```

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the vision system is sent as "TJG."

```
;Get the Measurement Result
```

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
    GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

```
;Total Judge Check
```

```
IF param[0] <> 1 THEN
```

```
    GOTO 10
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program

```
END
```

### Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

- 1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd), and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).

```
11
```

```
;Set Calib mode
```

```
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
```

```
$cmd_arg[0] = "0"
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

```
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
```

```
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
```

```
cmd_arg_num = 1
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

```
    GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

```
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

```
    GOTO 10
```

```
END
```

```

IF param[0] <> 0 THEN
    GOTO 10
END
IF bconnected == 1 THEN
    CALL fhclose(socket_no, err_no)
END
TYPE "AOS Camera Calibration Successful"
CALL fhsample_main()

```

Execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

### Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.

```

10
;Set Calib mode
$cmd_name = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
$cmd_arg[0] = "0"
$cmd_arg[1] = ""
$cmd_arg[2] = ""
$cmd_arg[3] = ""
$cmd_arg[4] = ""
cmd_arg_num = 1
CALL fhrunsendcmd(socket_no, cmd_arg_num, $cmd_name, $cmd_arg[], err_no)
CALL fhrunrecvval(retry_count, time_out, socket_no, param[], err_no)

;Error
IF bconnected == 1 THEN
    CALL fhclose(socket_no, err_no)
END
TYPE "AOS Camera Calibration Failed"
TYPE "Disconnection Done"
STOP

```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

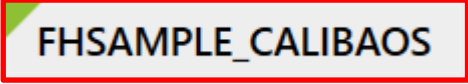
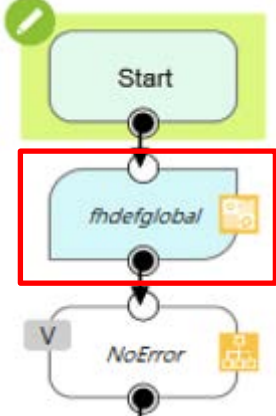
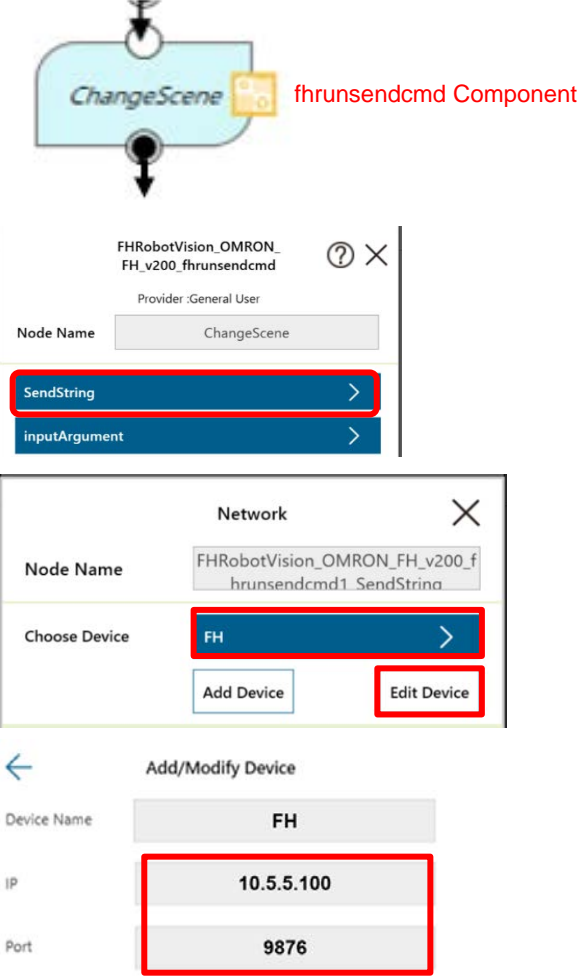
### 3.7.2. For OMRON TM Series

The explanation of the sample program is explained using the node name (component) / device name (network) of the TM robot. For the TM S robots, see the table below.

	TM	TM S
Node name	fhdefglobal	FH_v200_fhdefglobal1
(Component)	ChangeScene	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1
	GetCameraStatus	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd2
	CompCalibTime	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd3
	GetImgPos	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd4
	MEASURE	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd5
	SetCalibMode	FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd6
	RecvResponse	FH_v200_fhrunrecvres1-fhrunrecvres2
	RecvVal	FH_v200_fhrunrecvval1-fhrunrecvval5
Device name	FH	ntd_FH
(Network)		

## Initialization of the Sample Program

The following describes a program that is required to initialize variables and connect the vision system to the robot controller.

<p>1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE_CALIBAOS subflow.</p>	
<p>2 The <b>fhdefglobal</b> component is placed at the top of the flow.</p> <p>This component initializes global variables that are required for the robot controller to communicate with the vision system.</p>	 <p style="color: red;">fhdefglobal Component</p>
<p>3 Select the <b>ChangeScene</b> node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.</p> <p>Click <b>SendString</b> and confirm that <b>FH</b> is selected in <b>Choose Device</b>.</p> <p>Click <b>Edit Device</b>, and set the IP address and port number of the vision system.</p> <p>After you set them, click the <b>Done</b> button to close the dialog box.</p> <p>There is no need to configure the communication settings for each node since the sample program uses the FH series as a common communication device.</p>	 <p style="color: red;">fhrunsendcmd Component</p>



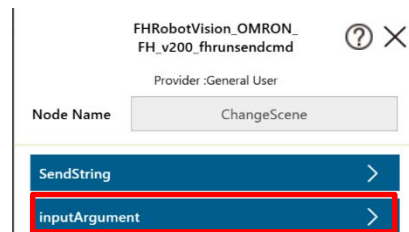
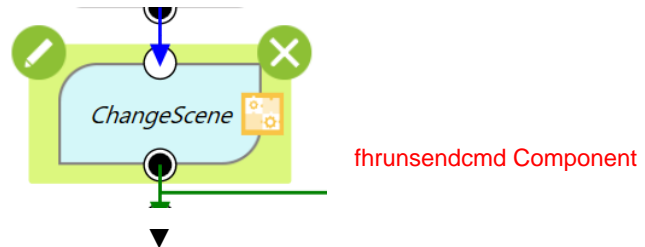
## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

**FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS**

- 2 Select the **ChangeScene** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



- 3 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as an argument to the fhrunsendcmd component.  
Execute the fhrunsendcmd component with the set value to send a scene switching command to the vision system.

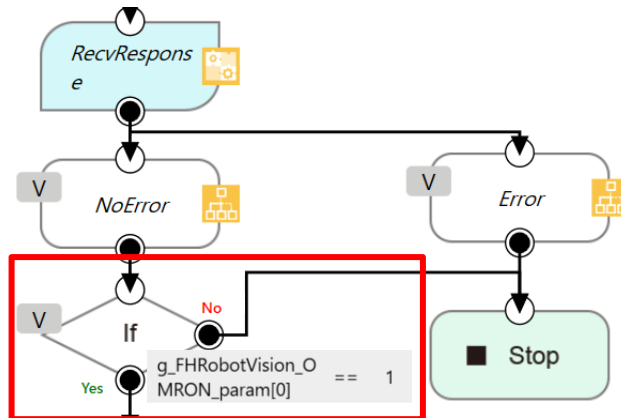
\* Click **InputArgument** > **Variables[7]** to open the setting window.

int	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd_1_var_cmdArgumentNum	=	1	Number of command arguments
string	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd_1_var_cmdName	=	"SCENE"	Scene switching command
string[]	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd_1_var_cmdArgument[0]	=	"127"	Scene number

- 4 Execute the **RecvResponse** node to receive the response to the scene switching command.



- 5 Check the execution result (command response) of the **RecvResponse** node.  
The execution result is stored in the global variable `g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_param[0]`.  
If the execution result is 1 (OK), proceed to the next node.



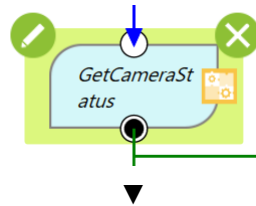
## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

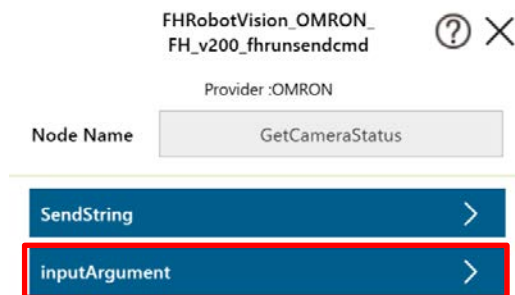
- 1 In the Edit project window, select the CheckWarmUp subflow . The CheckWarmUp subflow is called from the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

**CheckWarmUp**

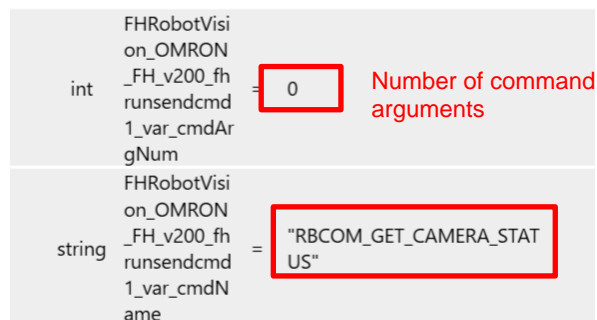
- 2 Select the **GetCameraStatus** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



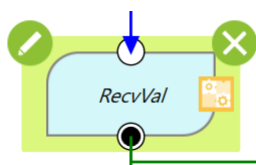
fhrunsendcmd Component



- 3 To send the camera status acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the fhrunsendcmd component.

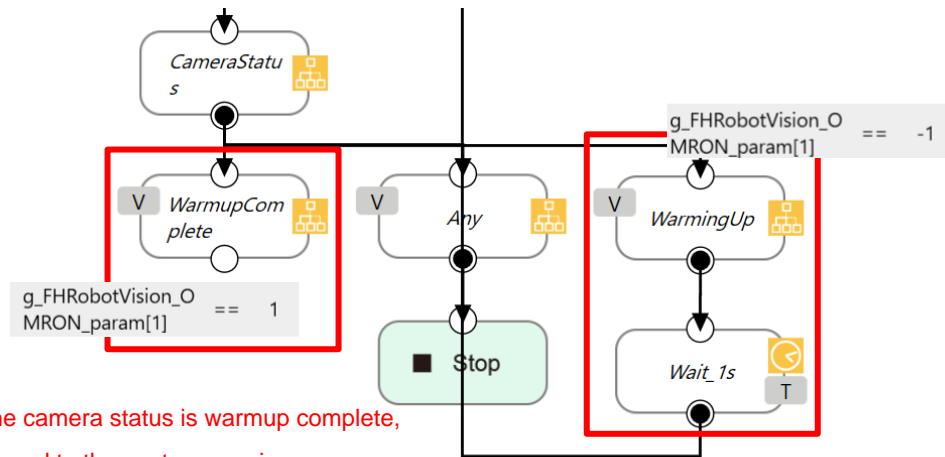


- 4 Execute the **RecvVal** node to receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the vision system.



fhrunrecvval Component

- 5 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the vision system until the camera status changes to warmup complete.



If the camera status is warmup complete, proceed to the next processing.

If the camera status is warmup incomplete, send the camera status acquisition command again.

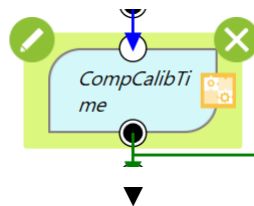
## Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the vision system and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the CompCalibTime subflow.  
The CompCalibTime subflow is called from the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

**CompCalibTime**

- 2 Select the **CompCalibTime** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



fhrunsendcmd Component

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_  
FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd



Provider :OMRON

Node Name

CompCalibTime

SendString



inputArgument



- 3 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the fhrunsendcmd component.

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_  
FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd  
1\_var\_commandNum

= 0

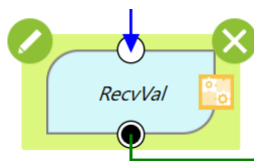
Number of command arguments

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_  
FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd  
1\_var\_commandName

= "RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP"

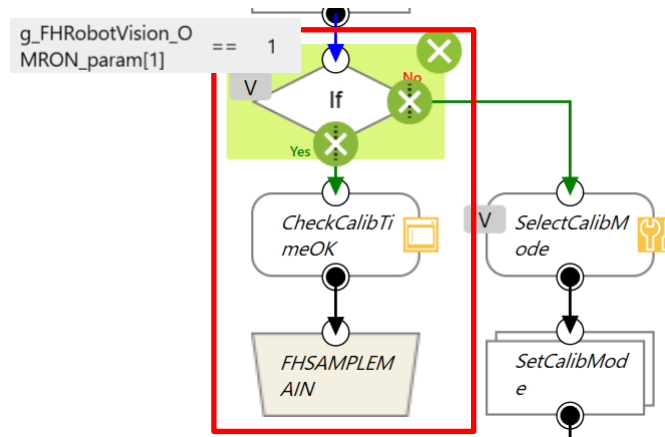
Calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command

- 4 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).



fhrunrecvval Component

- 5 If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (FHSAMPLEMAIN) without executing camera calibration.  
\* This processing is included in the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

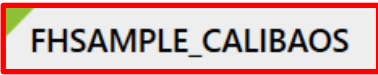


If calibration is not required, execute the sample program (FHSAMPLEMAIN).

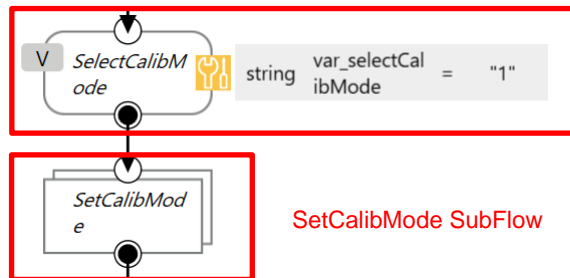
### Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

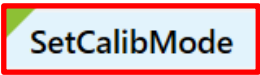


- 2 To change the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration, set the variable to determine the operation of SetCalibMode to 1, and execute the SetCalibMode subflow.

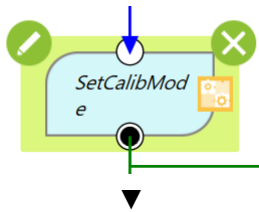


SetCalibMode SubFlow

- 3 In the Edit project window, select the SetCalibMode subflow.



- 4 Select the **SetCalibMode** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



fhrunsendcmd Component

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_ FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd ? X

Provider :OMRON

Node Name

---

SendString >

**inputArgument >**

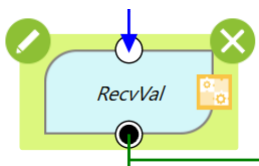
- 5 To send the camera calibration mode change command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE* and execute the fhrunsendcmd component.

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_ FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd 1 var\_cmdArgumentNum = 1 Number of command arguments

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_ FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd "RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE" var\_cmdName = "RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE" Camera calibration mode change command

FHRobotVision\_OMRON\_ FH\_v200\_fhrunsendcmd var\_selectCalibMode var\_cmdArgument[0] = var\_selectCalibMode Variable set in step 2

- 6 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).



fhrunrcvval Component

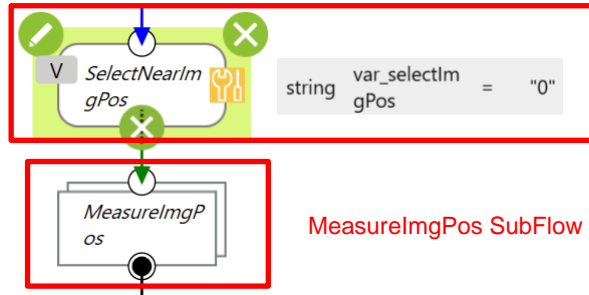
## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

**FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS**

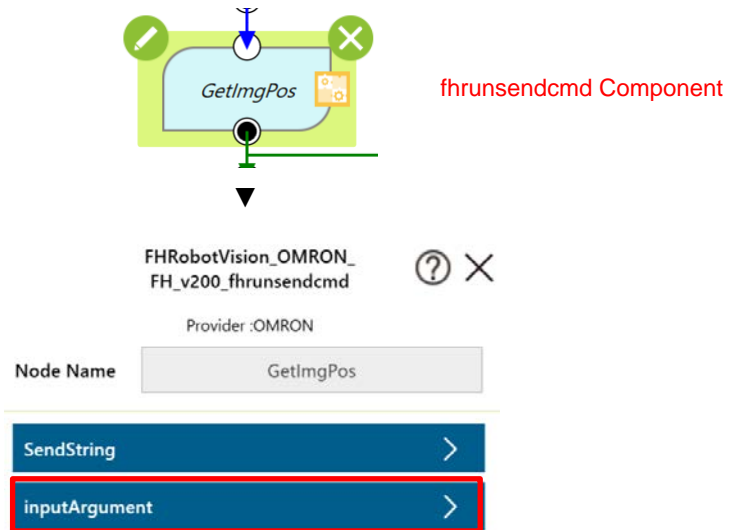
- 2 To acquire the near imaging position, set the variable to determine the operation of MeasureImgPos to 0 and execute the MeasureImgPos subflow.



- 3 In the Edit project window, select the MeasureImgPos subflow.

**MeasureImgPos**

- 4 Select the **GetImgPos** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.

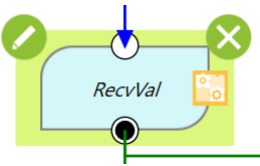


- 5 To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to `RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS` and execute the `fhrunsendcmd` component.



int	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdArgNum	= 1	Number of command arguments
string	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdName	"RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"	Camera calibration imaging position change command
string[]	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdArg[0]	var_selectImgPos	Variable set in step 2

6 To receive the response to the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).

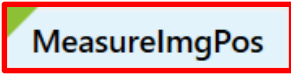


fhrunrecvval Component

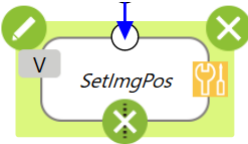
### Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

1 In the Edit project window, select the MeasureImgPos subflow.



2 Select the **SetImgPos** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



Set Node

Set ✕

Node Name

---

Digital I/O

---

Variables

---

Analog I/O

3 Set the values of the acquired near imaging position as imgPos point values.

Point ["imgPos"].V alue[0]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[1]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[1]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[2]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[2]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[3]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[3]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[4]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[4]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[5]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[5]	=	g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[6]

4 Execute the Point node to move to the near imaging position.



## ⚠ WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



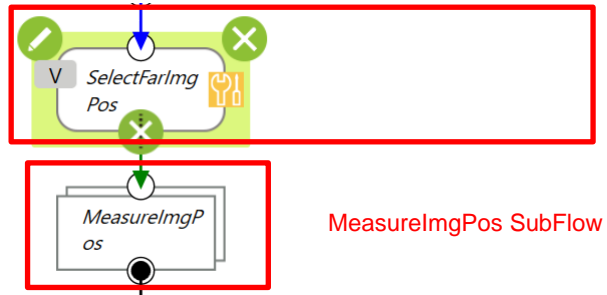
## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS

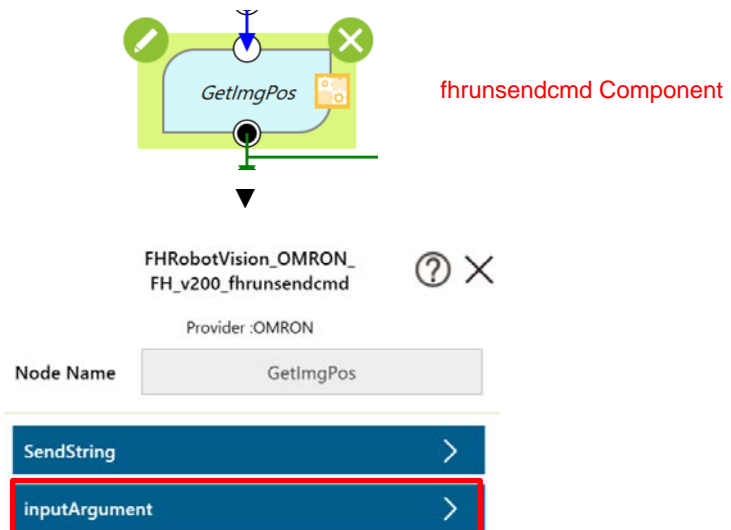
- 2 To acquire the far imaging position, set the variable to determine the operation of MeasureImgPos to 0 and execute the MeasureImgPos subflow.



- 3 In the Edit project window, select the MeasureImgPos subflow.

MeasureImgPos

- 4 Select the **GetImgPos** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



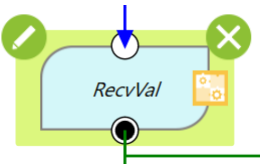
- 5 To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the fhrunsendcmd component.

int	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdArgNum	= 1	Number of command arguments
string	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdName	"RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"	Camera calibration imaging position change command
string[]	FHRobotVision_OMRON_FH_v200_fhrunsendcmd1_var_cmdArg[0]	var_selectImgPos	Variable set in step 2

---

6 To receive the response to the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).

---

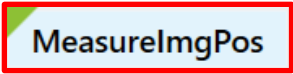


fhrunrecvval Component

### Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

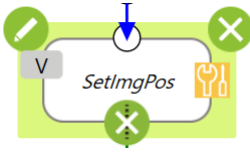
The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

1 In the Edit project window, select the MeasureImgPos subflow.




---

2 Select the **SetImgPos** node on the flow, and click the pencil icon to open the setting window.



Set Node

Set ✕

Node Name

---

Digital I/O

---

Variables

---

Analog I/O

3 Set the values of the acquired far imaging position as imgPos point values.

Point ["imgPos"].V alue[0]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[1]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[1]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[2]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[2]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[3]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[3]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[4]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[4]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[5]
Point ["imgPos"].V alue[5]	= g_FHRobotVision_OMRON_p aram[6]

4 Execute the Point node to move to the far imaging position.



## ⚠ WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



### Ending the Program (Normal End)

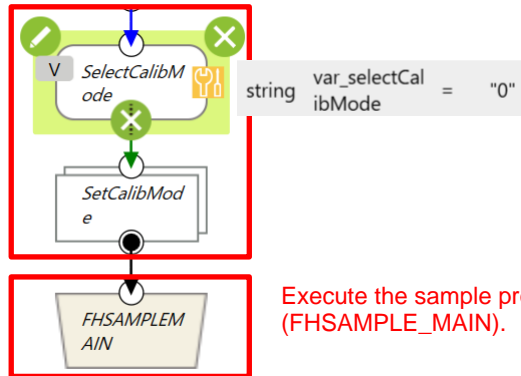
The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

- 1 In the Edit project window, select the FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS subflow.

**FHSAMPLE\_CALIBAOS**

- 2 If this processing is successful, the program changes the camera calibration mode to manual calibration, and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).

Change the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

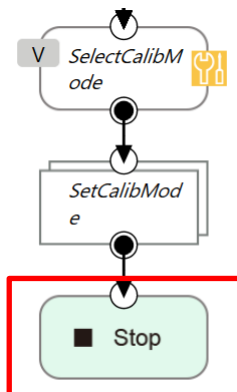


Execute the sample program (FHSAMPLE\_MAIN).

### Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs, the program execution is ended in the Stop node. The Stop node is placed so that it is executed during error processing in each subflow.



Stop Node

### 3.7.3. For Robots Manufactured by FANUC Corporation

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the vision system to the robot controller.

1	In <b>Tag C1:</b> , set the IP address of the vision system. Also, set the port number of the vision system.
2	Call the external variable initialization function (FHDEFGLOBAL) to initialize external variables. The external variables include variables for managing the communications status. At the time of execution, be sure to call the external variable initialization function (FHDEFGLOBAL) to initialize them.
	<b>1: CALL FHDEFGLOBAL ;</b> Initialization function for external variables
3	Set the local coordinate system number and the tool coordinate system number to 0.
	<b>2: UFRAME_NUM=0 ;</b> Local Coordinate System No.
	<b>3: UTOOL_NUM=0 ;</b> Tool Coordinate System No
4	For Registers 196 and 197, set the number of retry times at connection and the timeout period (in seconds). For Registers 198 and 199, set the number of retry times at communications and the timeout period (in seconds).
	<b>5: R[196]=2 ;</b> The number of retry times at server connection
	<b>6: R[197]=10 ;</b> The timeout period at server connection [sec.]
	<b>7: R[198]=2 ;</b> The number of retry times at communications
	<b>8: R[199]=10 ;</b> The timeout period at communications [sec.]
5	With the set register variables as arguments, call the connection function (FHCONNECT) to connect to the vision system (FH server).
	<b>10: CALL FHCONNECT('C1:',R[196],R[197]) ;</b> Connection function with the
	<b>11: IF R[200]&lt;&gt;0,JMP LBL[999] ;</b> Vision Sensor (FH server)

#### Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

1	Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable. With the set variable as an argument, execute the scene switching function (FHSMPLCHGSN).
	<b>13: CALL FHSMPLCHGSN(R[198],R[199],127) ;</b> Scene number Scene switching command execution sample function
	<b>14: IF R[200]&lt;&gt;0,JMP LBL[998] ;</b>

### Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSNDCMD).

16: LBL[990] ;

17: WAIT 1.00(sec);

18: CALL

FHRUNSNDCMD(0,'RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS','...','...','...','...','...');

19: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ; nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVRES).

21: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170) ; numerical sequence receiving function

22: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;

23: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the vision system until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

25: IF R[171]=(-1),JMP LBL[990] ;

26: ; If the camera status is warmup incomplete, send the camera status acquisition command again.

27: IF R[171]<>(-1) AND R[171]<>1,JMP LBL[998] ;

If the camera status is not warmup complete or warmup incomplete, end the processing.



## Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the vision system and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSNDCMD).

```
29: CALL
```

```
FHRUNSNDCMD(0,'RBCOM_GET_CALIBTIME_COMP','...','...','...','...','...');
```

```
30: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998]; nonprocedural command transmission function
```

- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).

If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (FHSMPMAIN) without executing camera calibration.

```
32: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170); numerical sequence receiving function
```

```
33: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
34: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
35: ; If calibration is not required, execute the sample program (FHSMPMAIN).
```

```
36: IF R[171]=1,JMP LBL[991];
```

## Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument to 1.

To send the camera calibration mode change command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSND CMD).

Set the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration.



```
38: CALL FHRUNSND CMD(1,'RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE','1','...','...','...','...');
```

```
39: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998]; nonprocedural command transmission function
```

- 2 To receive the response to the AOS camera calibration mode change command from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL).


```
41: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170); numerical sequence receiving function
```

```
42: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
43: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSNDCMD).  
Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position. 

```
45: CALL FHRUNSNDCMD(1,'RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS','0','...','...','...','...');
```

```
46: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL). Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables.

```
48: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170);
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
49: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
50: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
51: ;
```

```
52: PR[99,1]=R[171] ;
```

```
53: PR[99,2]=R[172] ;
```

```
54: PR[99,3]=R[173] ;
```

```
55: PR[99,4]=R[174] ;
```

```
56: PR[99,5]=R[175] ;
```

```
57: PR[99,6]=R[176] ;
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Execute the robot motion function (FHSMPMOVE) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
59: CALL FHSMPMOVE(99) ; Robot motion sample function
60: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;
```

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSND CMD).

```
62: CALL FHRUNSND CMD(0,'MEASURE','...','...','...','...','...') ;
63: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ; nonprocedural command transmission function
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the vision system, execute the command response receiving function (FHRUNRCVRES).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
65: CALL FHRUNRCVRES(R[198],R[199],170) ; command response receiving function
66: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;
67: IF R[170]<>1,JMP LBL[998] ;
```

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the vision system is sent as "TJG."

```
69: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170) ; numerical sequence receiving function
70: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;
71: IF R[170]<>1,JMP LBL[998] ; If the response is not OK, exit the program.
```

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSND CMD).

Set this argument to 1 to acquire the far imaging position. →

```
73: CALL FHRUNSND CMD(1,'RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS','1','...','...','...','...');
```

```
74: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998]; nonprocedural command transmission function
```

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL). Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables.

```
76: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170); numerical sequence receiving function
```

```
77: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
78: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

```
79: ;
```

```
80: PR[99,1]=R[171] ;
```

```
81: PR[99,2]=R[172] ;
```

```
82: PR[99,3]=R[173] ;
```

```
83: PR[99,4]=R[174] ;
```

```
84: PR[99,5]=R[175] ;
```

```
85: PR[99,6]=R[176] ;
```

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 Execute the robot motion function (FHS MPLMOVE) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
87: CALL FHS MPLMOVE(99); Robot motion sample function
```

```
88: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998];
```

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

1	<p>To send the measurement command to the vision system, set the nonprocedural command name to <i>MEASURE</i> and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSND CMD).</p> <pre>90: CALL FHRUNSND CMD(0,'MEASURE','...';...'...';...'...';...'...'); 91: IF R[200]&lt;&gt;0,JMP LBL[998];</pre> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">nonprocedural command transmission function</p>
2	<p>To receive the response to the measurement command from the vision system, execute the command response receiving function (FHRUNRCVRES). If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.</p> <pre>93: CALL FHRUNRCVRES(R[198],R[199],170); 94: IF R[200]&lt;&gt;0,JMP LBL[998]; 95: IF R[170]&lt;&gt;1,JMP LBL[998];</pre> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">command response receiving function If the response is not OK, exit the program.</p>
3	<p>To receive the measurement result from the vision system, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRCVVAL) and check the value of the received overall judgment. This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the vision system is sent as "TJG."</p> <pre>97: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170); IF R[200]&lt;&gt;0,JMP LBL[998]; 99: IF R[170]&lt;&gt;1,JMP LBL[998];</pre> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">numerical sequence receiving function If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program</p>

### Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command (FHRUNSNDCMD), and then executes the sample program (FHSMPLMAIN).

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

112: LBL[991] ;

113: CALL FHRUNSNDCMD(1,'RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE','0','...','...','...','...') ;

114: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ; nonprocedural command transmission function

115: ;

116: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170) ;

117: IF R[200]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;

118: IF R[170]<>0,JMP LBL[998] ;

119: CALL FHCLOSE ;

120: CALL FHSMPLMAIN ; Execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

### Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command (FHRUNSNDCMD), and then stops the program.

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

103: LBL[998] ;

104: CALL FHRUNSNDCMD(1,'RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE','0','...','...','...','...') ;

105: CALL FHRUNRCVVAL(R[198],R[199],170) ;

106: CALL FHCLOSE ; nonprocedural command transmission function

107: END ;

108: ;

109: LBL[999] ;

110: END ;

### 3.7.4. For Robots Manufactured by DENSO WAVE Incorporated

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the Vision Sensor to the robot controller.

1	Declare internal variables. * Description omitted (Refer to the source code.)
2	Execute the global variable initialization function (fhdefglobal). <pre>'..... ' (2)Initialize global variables '..... Call fhdefglobal()      Initialization function for external variables  err_no = success  cur_local_coord_no = 0 cur_tool_coord_no = 0  PrintMsg "Initialization Done.",-1</pre>
3	Set the client number as same as the communication setting in the robot controller. <pre>'..... ' (1)Set the network configuration ' You have to configure the following communication settings. '..... fh_socket = 8          Ethernet client number retries_connect = 2 timeout_connect = 4 retries_rcv = 2 timeout_rcv = 4 cmd_res = 0</pre>
4	With the variables set as arguments, execute the connection function (fhconnect). <pre>'..... ' (2)Connect to the FH server '..... Do While hconnected = 0   Call fhconnect(fh_socket, retries_connect, timeout_connect, err_no)      Connection function with the Vision Sensor (FH server)   'Error check   If err_no &lt;&gt; success Then     GoTo exitProgram   End If Loop  PrintMsg "Connection Done.",-1</pre>



## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable.  
With the variable set as an argument, execute the scene switching function (fhsample\_chgscn).

```
'.....  
' (1)Change the scene of the FH  
' You have to select a scene No. for your application.  
'.....  
scene_no = 127 Scene number  
Call fhsample_chgscn(fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, scene_no, err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then Scene switching command execution sample function  
GoTo disconnect  
End If  
PrintMsg "Change scene No. Done.",-1
```

## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'.....  
' (2)The warming status of camera  
' Check the warming status of camera,When warming 1 second until status is OK  
'.....  
warmup_flg = 0  
  
cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CAMERA_STATUS"  
cmd_arg(0) = ""  
cmd_arg(1) = ""  
cmd_arg(2) = ""  
cmd_arg(3) = ""  
cmd_arg(4) = ""  
cmd_arg_num = 0  
  
Do While warmup_flg = 0  
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then nonprocedural command transmission function  
GoTo disconnect  
End If
```

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
'Recv Command Response  
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, param(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then numerical sequence receiving function  
GoTo disconnect  
End If  
If param(0) <> 0 Then  
GoTo disconnect  
End If
```

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

```
IF param(1) = -1 Then
  warmup_flg = 0
  Delay T000
Elseif param(1) = 1 then
  warmup_flg = 1
Else
  GoTo disconnect
End If
Loop
PrintMsg "Check the camera status done.",-1
```

If the camera status is warmup incomplete, send the camera status acquisition command again.

If the camera status is warmup complete, proceed to the next processing.

## Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the Vision Sensor and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (*fhrunsendcmd*).

```

?.....
? (3)Get the Calib time to compare
?       Compare the Galib time to the current time
?.....
cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIBTIME_COMP"
cmd_arg(0) = ""
cmd_arg(1) = ""
cmd_arg(2) = ""
cmd_arg(3) = ""
cmd_arg(4) = ""
cmd_arg_num = 0
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)
?Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo disconnect
End If

```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (*fhrunrecvval*).

If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (*fhsample\_main*) without executing camera calibration.

```

?Recv Command Response
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, param(), err_no)
?Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo disconnect
End If

IF param(0) <> 0 Then
    GoTo disconnect
End If

IF param(1) = 1 Then
    PrintMsg "The calibration date and the current date have been matched",-1
    PrintMsg "Calibration is not necessary",-1

    If bconnected = 1 Then
        Call fhclose(fh_socket, err_no)
    End If

    GoTo callfhsample
End If
PrintMsg "Check the calibration date done.",-1

```

numerical sequence receiving function

If calibration is not required,  
execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

## Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument `cmd_arg(0)` to 1.  
To send the camera calibration mode change command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to `RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE` and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (`fhrunsendcmd`).

```
'.....  
' (4)Send the execute mode command  
'   Set the Calib mode to the auto mode  
'.....  
cmd_name = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"  
cmd_arg(0) = "1"          Set the camera calibration mode  
cmd_arg(1) = ""          to automatic calibration.  
cmd_arg(2) = ""  
cmd_arg(3) = ""  
cmd_arg(4) = ""  
cmd_arg_num = 1  
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then      nonprocedural command transmission function  
  GoTo disconnect  
End If
```

- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (`fhrunrecvval`).

```
'Recv Command Response  
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, param(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then      numerical sequence receiving function  
  GoTo disconnect  
End If  
  
If param(0) <> 0 Then  
  GoTo disconnect  
End If  
  
PrintMsg "Change the calibration to auto mode done.",-1
```

## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in Automatic Calibration (Vision Master).

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg(0) to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```

?.....
? (5)Calibration position near
?   Get the calib position near, Measure at calib position near
?.....
? Get calib position near
cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
cmd_arg(0) = "0"
cmd_arg(1) = ""
cmd_arg(2) = ""
cmd_arg(3) = ""
cmd_arg(4) = ""
cmd_arg_num = 1

```

Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position.

```

Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)
?Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If

```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```

?Recv Command Response
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, param(), err_no)
?Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
IF param(0) <> 0 Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If

```

numerical sequence receiving function

## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables, then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
'Move to calib position near
cal_pos_near_x = param(1)
cal_pos_near_y = param(2)
cal_pos_near_z = param(3)
cal_pos_near_w = param(4)
cal_pos_near_p = param(5)
cal_pos_near_r = param(6)
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

```
CALL fhsample_move(cal_pos_near_x, cal_pos_near_y, cal_pos_near_z, cal_pos_near_w,
                  cal_pos_near_p, cal_pos_near_r, err_no)
```

```
If err_no <> success Then
  GoTo setcalibmode
End If
```

Robot motion sample function

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'Send Measure Command
cmd_name = "MEASURE"
cmd_arg(0) = ""
cmd_arg(1) = ""
cmd_arg(2) = ""
cmd_arg(3) = ""
cmd_arg(4) = ""
cmd_arg_num = 0
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then          nonprocedural command transmission function
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres). If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
'Recv Command Response
Call fhrunrecvres(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, cmd_res, err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then          command response receiving function
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If

'Command Response Check
If cmd_res <> 1 Then
    GoTo setcalibmode          If the response is not OK, exit the program.
End If
```

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
'Get the Measurement Result
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, param(), err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then          numerical sequence receiving function
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If

'Total Judge Check
IF param(0) <> 1 THEN
    GoTo setcalibmode          If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program.
End If

PrintMsg "Measurment at calib position near done.",-1
```

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in Automatic Calibration (Vision Master).

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg(0) to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'.....  
' (6)Calibration position far  
' Get the calib position Far,Measure at calib position far  
'.....  
'Get calib position far  
cmd_name = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"  
cmd_arg(0) = "1" Set this argument to 1 to acquire  
the far imaging position.  
cmd_arg(1) = ""  
cmd_arg(2) = ""  
cmd_arg(3) = ""  
cmd_arg(4) = ""  
cmd_arg_num = 1  
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then nonprocedural command transmission function  
    GoTo setcalibmode  
End If
```

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
'Recv Command Response  
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, param(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then numerical sequence receiving function  
    GoTo setcalibmode  
End If  
IF param(0) <> 0 Then  
    GoTo setcalibmode  
End If
```



## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables, then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
Move to calib position far  
cal_pos_far_x = param(1)  
cal_pos_far_y = param(2)  
cal_pos_far_z = param(3)  
cal_pos_far_w = param(4)  
cal_pos_far_p = param(5)  
cal_pos_far_r = param(6)
```

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

```
CALL fhsample_move(cal_pos_far_x, cal_pos_far_y, cal_pos_far_z, cal_pos_far_w,  
                  cal_pos_far_p, cal_pos_far_r, err_no)
```

```
If err_no <> success Then  
  GoTo setcalibmode  
End If
```

Robot motion sample function

## WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'Send Measure Command
cmd_name = "MEASURE"
cmd_arg(0) = ""
cmd_arg(1) = ""
cmd_arg(2) = ""
cmd_arg(3) = ""
cmd_arg(4) = ""
cmd_arg_num = 0
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres). If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
'Recv Command Response
Call fhrunrecvres(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, cmd_res, err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
'Command Response Check
If cmd_res <> 1 Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
```

Command response receiving function

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
'Get the Measurement Result
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, param(), err_no)
'Error check
If err_no <> success Then
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
'Total Judge Check
IF param(0) <> 1 THEN
    GoTo setcalibmode
End If
PrintMsg "Measurment at calib position far done.",-1
```

numerical sequence receiving function

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program.

## Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

- 1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd), and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).

```
'.....  
' (7)Set the calibration manual mode  
'.....  
'Set Calib manual mode  
cmd_name = "PPCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"  
cmd_arg(0) = "0"  
cmd_arg(1) = ""  
cmd_arg(2) = ""  
cmd_arg(3) = ""  
cmd_arg(4) = ""  
cmd_arg_num = 1  
Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then  
    GoTo disconnect  
End If  
  
'Recv Command Response  
Call fhrunrecvval(fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, param(), err_no)  
'Error check  
If err_no <> success Then  
    GoTo disconnect  
End If  
  
If param(0) <> 0 Then  
    GoTo disconnect  
End If  
  
If bconnected = 1 Then  
    Call fhclose(fh_socket, err_no)  
End If  
  
call fhsample:  
PrintMsg "AOS Camera Calibration Successful",-1  
CALL fhsample_main()  
Goto exitProgram
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

Execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

## Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.

```
'::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
' 4. Finalization sequence
'   Disconnect to the FH server
'   Send Calib manual mode(manual mode)
'::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::

setcalibmode:
  'Send Calib manual mode Command
  cmd_name = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
  cmd_arg(0) = "0"
  cmd_arg(1) = ""
  cmd_arg(2) = ""
  cmd_arg(3) = ""
  cmd_arg(4) = ""
  cmd_arg_num = 1
  Call fhrunsendcmd(fh_socket, cmd_arg_num, cmd_name, cmd_arg(), err_no)
  Call fhrnrecvval(fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, param(), err_no)

  PrintMsg "Error in process of Calibration .",-1
  PrintMsg "Set the Calib back to manual mode.",-1

disconnect:
  If bconnected = 1 Then
    Call fhclose(fh_socket, err_no)
  End If

  PrintMsg "Disconnection Done.",-1

exitProgram:
  PrintMsg "EXIT AOS Calibration Program.",-1
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

### 3.7.5. For Robots Manufactured by ABB Corporation

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the Vision Sensor to the robot controller.

---

<b>1</b>	<b>Declare internal variables.</b> * Description omitted (Refer to the source code.)
----------	---

---

<b>2</b>	<b>Execute the global variable initialization.</b>  <pre>!///////////////////////// ! (2)Initialaize global variables !///////////////////////// err_no := success;  ! Set Current Coord No cur_local_coord_no := 0; cur_tool_coord_no := 0;</pre>
----------	--

---

<b>3</b>	<b>Set the IP address and port number of the Vision Sensor as variables (if the default values need to be changed).</b>  <pre>!///////////////////////// ! 2. Example: Network connection sequence !///////////////////////// !///////////////////////// ! (1)Set the network configuration ! You have to configure the following communication settings. !///////////////////////// ip_address := "10.5.5.100"; IP address port_no := 9876; Port number retries_connect := 2; timeout_connect := 4; retries_rcv := 2; timeout_rcv := 4;</pre>
----------	--

---

<b>4</b>	<b>With the variables set as arguments, execute the connection function (fhconnect).</b>  <pre>!///////////////////////// ! (2)Connect to the FH server !///////////////////////// WHILE bconnected = FALSE DO     fhconnect fh_socket,ip_address, port_no, retries_connect, timeout_connect, err_no;  !Error check Connection function with the Vision Sensor (FH server) IF err_no &lt;&gt; success THEN     GOTO exit_program; ENDIF ENDWHILE</pre>
----------	--

---

## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable. With the variable set as an argument, execute the scene switching function (fhsample\_chgschn).

```

!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
! (1)Change the scene of the FH
!   You have to select a scene No. for your application.
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
scene_no := 127; Scene number

fhsample_chgschn fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, scene_no, err_no;

!Error check                               Scene switching command execution sample function
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO exit_program;
ENDIF

```

## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
! (2)Get the camera status
! Check the camera status,When warming wait 1 second until status is OK
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
warmup_flg := 0;

!Send the command of get the camera status
cmd_name := "RBCOM_GET_CAMERA_STATUS";
cmd_arg{1} := "";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 0;

WHILE warmup_flg = 0 DO
    fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
    IF err_no <> success THEN nonprocedural command transmission function
        GOTO disconnect;
    ENDF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
!Get the Camera status Result
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN numerical sequence receiving function
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF

IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF
```

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

```
IF outputdata{2} = -1 THEN
    warmup_flg := 0;
    WaitTime 1;
    IF the camera status is warmup incomplete,
    send the camera status acquisition command again.
```





```
GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF

IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF
```

If calibration is not required, execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

```
IF outputdata{2} = 1 THEN
    !The calibration date and the current date have been matched
    !Calibration is not necessary

    IF bconnected = TRUE THEN
        fhclose fh_socket, err_no;
    ENDIF

    GOTO call_fhsample;
ENDIF
```

## Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument `cmd_arg{1}` to 1. To send the camera calibration mode change command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to `RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE` and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (`fhrunsendcmd`).

```
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
! (4)Send the execute mode command
! Set the Calib mode to the auto mode
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!Set Calib auto mode
cmd_name := "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE";
cmd_arg{1} := "1";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 1;
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF
```

Set the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 
- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
!Recv Command Response
```

```
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
    GOTO disconnect;
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
```

```
    GOTO disconnect;
```

```
ENDIF
```

---

## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg{1} to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
!::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
! (5)Calibration position near
!   Get the calib position near,Measure at calib position near
!::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
!Get calib position near
cmd_name := "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS";
cmd_arg{1} := "0";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 1;
```

Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position.

```
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
    GOTO set_calibmode;
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
!Recv Command Response
```

```
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
    GOTO set_calibmode;
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
```

```
    GOTO set_calibmode;
```

```
ENDIF
```

## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables. then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
!Move to calib position near
```

```
cal_pos_near_x := outputdata{2};  
cal_pos_near_y := outputdata{3};  
cal_pos_near_z := outputdata{4};  
cal_pos_near_w := outputdata{5};  
cal_pos_near_p := outputdata{6};  
cal_pos_near_r := outputdata{7};
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

```
fhsample_move cal_pos_near_x, cal_pos_near_y, cal_pos_near_z, cal_pos_near_w,  
cal_pos_near_p, cal_pos_near_r, err_no;
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

Robot motion sample function

```
GOTO set_calibmode;
```

```
ENDIF
```

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
cmd_name := "MEASURE";  
cmd_arg{1} := "";  
cmd_arg{2} := "";  
cmd_arg{3} := "";  
cmd_arg{4} := "";  
cmd_arg{5} := "";  
cmd_arg_num := 0;  
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode; nonprocedural command transmission function  
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
!Recv Command Response  
fhrunrecvres fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, cmd_res, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN command response receiving function  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF  
!Command Response Check  
IF cmd_res <> 1 THEN If the response is not OK, exit the program.  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF
```

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrcvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
!Get the Measurement Result  
fhrunrcvval fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, outputdata, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN numerical sequence receiving function  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF  
!Total Judge Check  
IF outputdata{1} <> 1 THEN If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg{1} to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
!::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
! (6)Calibration position far
!   Get the calib position Far,Meausure at calib position far
!::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
!Get Calib Position Far
cmd_name := "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS";
cmd_arg{1} := "1";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 1;
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO set_calibmode;
ENDIF
```

Set this argument to 1 to acquire the far imaging position.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
!Recv Command Response
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO set_calibmode;
ENDIF

IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
    GOTO set_calibmode;
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables. Then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
!Move to calib position far
```

```
cal_pos_far_x := outputdata{2};
```

```
cal_pos_far_y := outputdata{3};
```

```
cal_pos_far_z := outputdata{4};
```

```
cal_pos_far_w := outputdata{5};
```

```
cal_pos_far_p := outputdata{6};
```

```
cal_pos_far_r := outputdata{7};
```

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

```
fhsample_move cal_pos_far_x, cal_pos_far_y, cal_pos_far_z, cal_pos_far_w,  
cal_pos_far_p, cal_pos_far_r, err_no;
```

```
IF err_no <> success THEN
```

```
    GOTO set_calibmode;
```

```
ENDIF
```

Robot motion sample function

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
cmd_name := "MEASURE";  
cmd_arg{1} := "";  
cmd_arg{2} := "";  
cmd_arg{3} := "";  
cmd_arg{4} := "";  
cmd_arg{5} := "";  
cmd_arg_num := 0;  
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
!Recv Command Response  
fhrunrecvres fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, cmd_res, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF  
!Command Response Check  
IF cmd_res <> 1 THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF
```

Command response receiving function

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrcvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
!Get the Measurement Result  
fhrunrcvval fh_socket, retries_rcv, timeout_rcv, outputdata, err_no;  
IF err_no <> success THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF  
!Total Judge Check  
IF outputdata{1} <> 1 THEN  
    GOTO set_calibmode;  
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program



## Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

- 1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd), and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).

```
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
! (7)Set the calibration mode to manual
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
!Set Calib manual mode
cmd_name := "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE";
cmd_arg{1} := "0";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 1;

fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF

!Recv Command Response
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;
IF err_no <> success THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF

IF outputdata{1} <> 0 THEN
    GOTO disconnect;
ENDIF

IF bconnected = TRUE THEN
    fhclose fh_socket, err_no;
ENDIF

call_fhsample:
!AOS Camera Calibration Successful
fhsample_main;
GOTO exit_program;
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

Execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

## Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.

```
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
! 4. Finalization sequence
!   Disconnect to the FH server
!   Send Calib manual mode(manual mode)
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

set_calibmode:
!Send Calib manual mode Command
cmd_name := "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE";
cmd_arg{1} := "0";
cmd_arg{2} := "";
cmd_arg{3} := "";
cmd_arg{4} := "";
cmd_arg{5} := "";
cmd_arg_num := 1;
fhrunsendcmd fh_socket, cmd_name, cmd_arg, cmd_arg_num, err_no;
fhrunrecvval fh_socket, retries_recv, timeout_recv, outputdata, err_no;

disconnect:
IF bconnected = TRUE THEN
    fhclose fh_socket, err_no;
ENDIF

exit_program:
!Exit the program
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

### 3.7.6. For Robots Manufactured by YASKAWA Electric Corporation

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the Vision Sensor to the robot controller.

1 Set internal variables with the programming pendant.

User variable name	Description	Setting value
I093	Local Coordinate System No.(only 0)	0
I094	Tool Coordinate System No.(0 to 63)	0 - 63
I095	Number of connection retries(0 to 60)	0 - 60
I096	Time of connection timeout(1 to 60[sec])	1 - 60
I097	Number of received retries(0 to 99)	0 - 99
I098	Time of Receive timeout(0 to 99[sec])	0 - 99

2 Set the operating mode variable "B099" to 2.

3 Use the set variable as an argument of the connection function (FHCONNECT) to the Vision Sensor (FH server) and execute the function.

```

'////////////////////////////////////////
' Connect to the FH server
'////////////////////////////////////////
SET S089 "FHCONNECT" Connection function with vision sensor (FH server)
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *EXIT
ENDIF

```

## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable.  
Set the scene switching command in the argument of the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSEND CMD) for the vision sensor, execute the function.

```
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;  
' (1) Change the scene of the FH  
' You have to select a scene No.  
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSEND CMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B097 1
```

```
SET S090 "SCENE"
```

Scene switching command

```
SET S091 "127"
```

Scene number

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *EXIT
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 Executes the command response receiving function (FHRUNRECVRES) for the vision sensor.

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVRES"
```

command response receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *EXIT
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>1
```

```
    JUMP *EXIT
```

```
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENCMD).

```

'//////////
' (2) Check the camera status.
' When warming wait 1 second until status is OK.
'//////////

SET I080 0
WHILEEXP I080=0
    SET S090 "RBCOM_GET_CAMERA_STATUS"
    SET B097 0
    SET S089 "FHRUNSENCMD"
    SET B098 1
    WAIT B098=0
    IFTHENEXP I099<>0
        JUMP *DISC
    ENDF
    ENDF

```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL).

```

SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF

```

numerical sequence receiving function

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

```

IFTHENEXP R091=-1
    SET I080 0
    TIMER T=1
ELSEIFEXP R091=1
    SET I080 1
ELSE
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF

```

If the camera status is warmup incomplete, send the camera status acquisition command again.

If the camera status is warmup complete, proceed to the next processing.

```
ENDWHILE
```

## Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the Vision Sensor and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (*FHRUNSENDCMD*).

```
';;;;;;;;;
' (3) Get the Calib time compare
' Compare the Calib time
' to the current time
';;;;;;;;;
SET S090 "RBCOM_GET_CALIBTIME_COMP"
SET B097 0
SET S089 "FHRUNSENDCMD"      nonprocedural command transmission function
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (*FHRUNRECVAL*).

If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample job (*FHSMPLMAIN*) without executing camera calibration.

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVAL"      numerical sequence receiving function
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
IFTHENEXP R091=1
    SET S089 "FHCLOSE"
    SET B098 1
    WAIT B098=0
    JUMP *CSML
ENDIF
If calibration is not required,
execute the sample job (FHSMPLMAIN).
```

## Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument "S091" to 1.

To send the camera calibration mode change command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENCMD).

```
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;  
' (4) Send the auto mode command  
' Set the Calib mode  
' to the auto mode  
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
```

```
SET S090 "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
```

```
SET S091 "1"
```

Set the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration.

```
SET B097 1
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSENCMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *DISC
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL).

numerical sequence receiving function

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
```

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *DISC
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
```

```
    JUMP *DISC
```

```
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument "S091" to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENDCMD).

```
';;;;;;;;;;;;;
' (5) Calibration position near
' Get the calib position near
' Measure calib position near
';;;;;;;;;;;;;
```

```
SET S090 "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
```

```
SET S091 "0"
```

Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position.

```
SET B097 1
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSENDCMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL).

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```



## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables, execute the robot motion command (MOVJ) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
'Move to calib position near
```

```
SET D099 EXPRESS R091 * 1000
SETE P099 (1) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R092 * 1000
SETE P099 (2) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R093 * 1000
SETE P099 (3) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R094 * 10000
SETE P099 (4) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R095 * 10000
SETE P099 (5) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R096 * 10000
SETE P099 (6) D099
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

```
SETE P099 TL#(0)
```

```
'!!!!!!!!!!!! CAUTION !!!!!!!!!!!!!
```

```
'!The following function drives
```

```
'!a robot motion immediately.
```

```
'!Confirm the settings
```

```
'!before execution.
```

```
'!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
```

```
MOVJ P099 VJ=10.00
```

Robot motion command

## WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENDCMD).

```
'Send Measure Command
```

```
SET S090 "MEASURE"
```

```
SET B097 0
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSENDCMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (FHRUNRECVRES). If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVRES"
```

command response receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>1
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

```
ENDIF
```

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>1
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program.

```
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument "S091" to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENDCMD).

```
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
' (6) Calibration position far
' Get the calib position far
' Measure at calib position far
';;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
```

```
SET S090 "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
```

```
SET S091 "1"
```

Set this argument to 1 to acquire the far imaging position.

```
SET B097 1
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSENDCMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL).

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program

```
ENDIF
```

## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables, execute the robot motion command (MOVJ) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
'Move to calib position far
SET D099 EXPRESS R091 * 1000
SETE P099 (1) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R092 * 1000
SETE P099 (2) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R093 * 1000
SETE P099 (3) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R094 * 10000
SETE P099 (4) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R095 * 10000
SETE P099 (5) D099
SET D099 EXPRESS R096 * 10000
SETE P099 (6) D099
SETE P099 TL#(0)
```

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

```
'!!!!!!!!!!!! CAUTION !!!!!!!!!!!!!
'!The following function drives
'!a robot motion immediately.
'!Confirm the settings
'!before execution.
'!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
```

```
MOVJ P099 VJ=10.00
```

Robot motion command

## WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENCMD).

```
`Send Measure Command
```

```
SET S090 "MEASURE"
```

```
SET B097 0
```

```
SET S089 "FHRUNSENCMD"
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (FHRUNRECVRES). If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVRES"
```

Command response receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>1
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

```
ENDIF
```

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (FHRUNRECVVAL) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
SET B098 1
```

```
WAIT B098=0
```

```
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
IFTHENEXP R090<>1
```

```
    JUMP *MMOD
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program.

```
ENDIF
```

## Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

---

1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSEDCMD), and then executes the sample job (FHSMPMAIN).

```
''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''
' (7) Set the calibration
' manual mode
''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''

SET S090 "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
SET S091 "0"
SET B097 1
SET S089 "FHRUNSEDCMD"
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
IFTHENEXP I099<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
IFTHENEXP R090<>0
    JUMP *DISC
ENDIF
SET S089 "FHCLOSE"
SET B098 1
WAIT B098=0
''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''
' AOS successful call FHSMPMAIN
''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''
*CSML
CALL JOB:FHSMPMAIN
JUMP *EXIT
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

Execute the sample job (FHSMPMAIN).

---

## Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (FHRUNSENCMD) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.

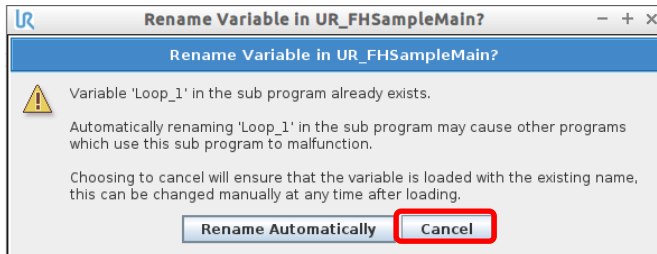
```
';;;;;;;;;;  
'4. Example: Finalization sequene  
' of a finalization.  
' Set Execute manual mode  
' Disconnect to the FH server  
';;;;;;;;;;  
  
*MMOD  
  
SET S090 "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"  
SET S091 "0" Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.  
SET B097 1  
SET S089 "FHRUNSENCMD" nonprocedural command transmission function  
SET B098 1  
WAIT B098=0  
SET S089 "FHRUNRECVVAL"  
SET B098 1  
WAIT B098=0  
  
';;;;;;;;;;  
' Disconnect to the FH server  
';;;;;;;;;;  
  
*DISC  
  
SET S089 "FHCLOSE"  
SET B098 1  
WAIT B098=0  
  
';;;;;;;;;;  
' Exit the Job  
';;;;;;;;;;  
  
*EXIT  
  
'EXIT AOS Callibration Job  
  
END
```

### 3.7.7. For Robots Manufactured by UNIVERSAL ROBOTS

#### Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the Vision Sensor to the robot controller.

When loading the robot program (“UR\_FHSampleCalaos.urp”) into the robot controller, the following display may appear, but press [Cancel].



- 1 Declare internal variables.  
\* Description omitted (Refer to the source code.)

- 2 Execute the global variable initialization function (fhdefglobal).

#### Robot Program

Script: FHRobotVision.script  
fhdefglobal()

Initialization function for external variables

- 3 Set the IP address and port number of the Vision Sensor as variables (if the default values need to be changed).

#### initialization of network parameters

fh\_socket = "fh\_socket"  
retries\_connect = 2  
timeout\_connect = 4  
retries\_recv = 2  
timeout\_recv = 4

ip address = "10.5.5.100"

IP address

port no = 9876

Port number

#### initialization of coordinate system

fh\_cur\_local\_coord\_no = 0  
fh\_cur\_tool\_coord\_no = 0  
fh\_near = p[0,0,0,0,0,0]  
fh\_far = p[0,0,0,0,0,0]

- 4 With the variables set as arguments, execute the connection function (fhconnect).

#### Connect to the FH Server

Loop fh\_bconnected == False

fhconnect(ip\_address,port\_no,retries\_connect,timeout\_connect,fh\_socket)

Connection function with the Vision Sensor (FH server)

#### Error check

If fh\_err\_no != fh\_success

fhclose(fh\_socket)

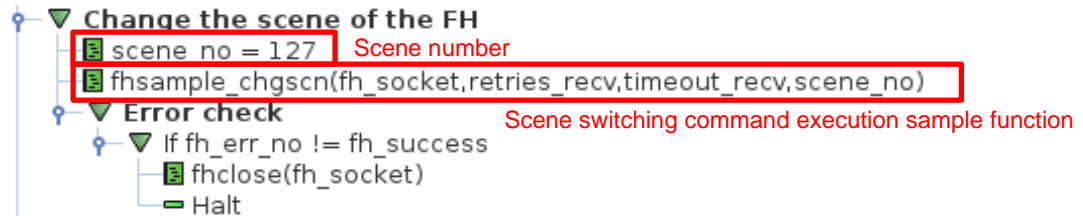
Halt



## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

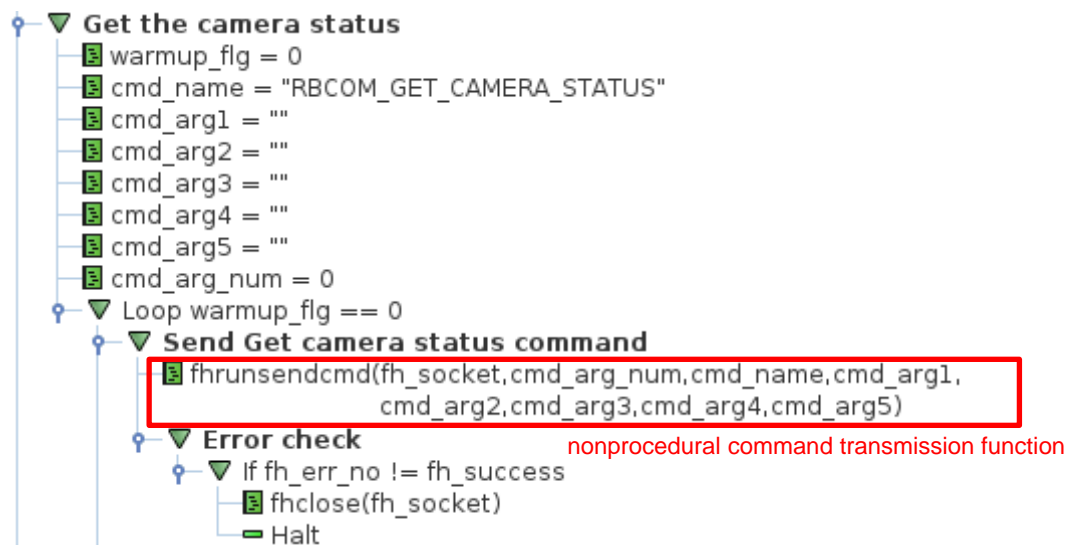
- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable. With the variable set as an argument, execute the scene switching function (fhsample\_chgscn).



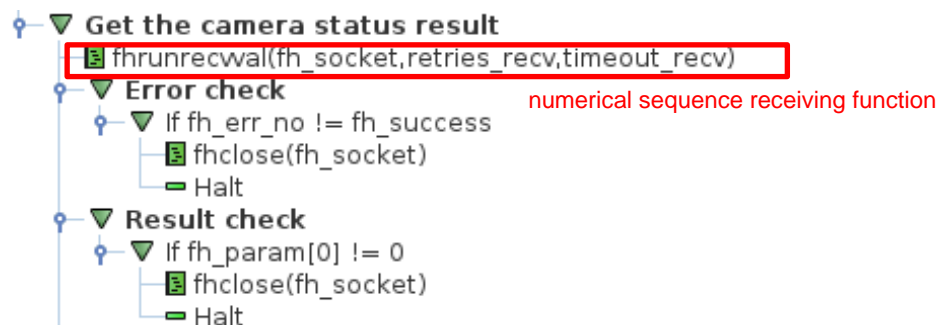
## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

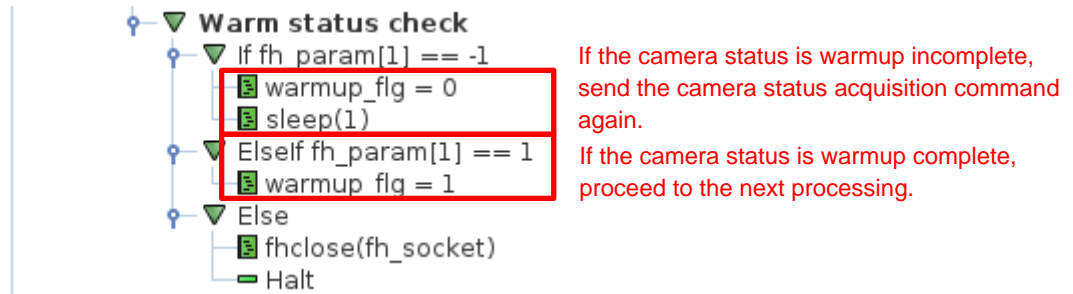
- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).



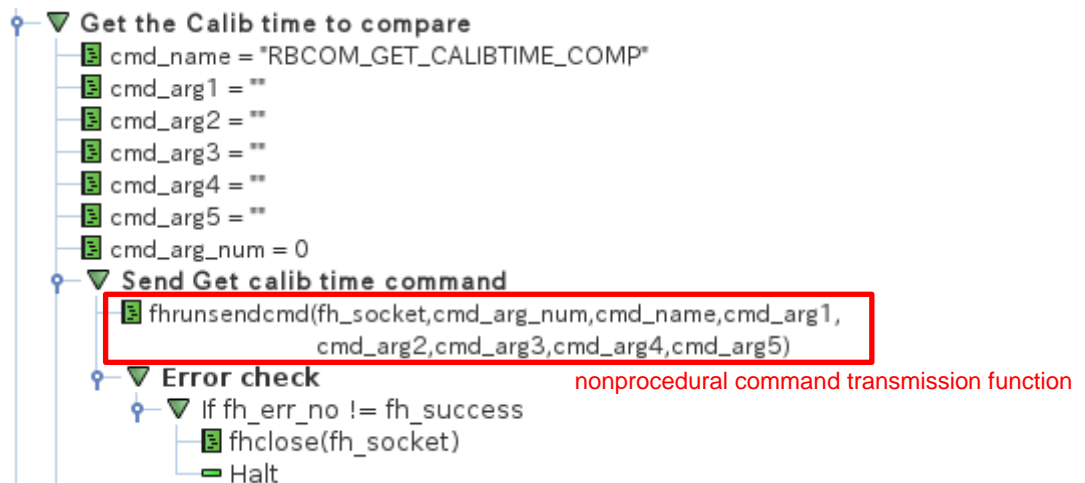
- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor until the camera status changes to warmup complete.



### Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

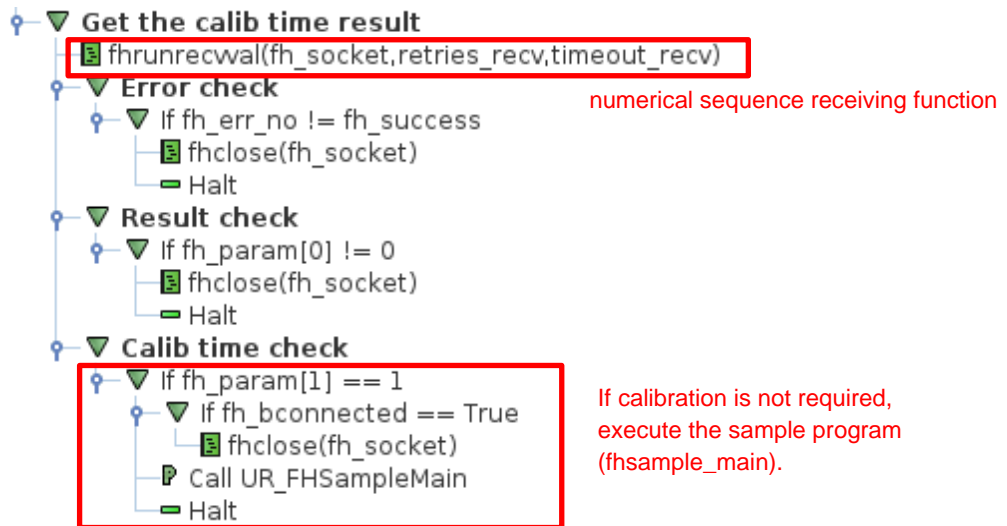
The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the Vision Sensor and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (*fhrunsendcmd*).



- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (*fhrunrecvval*).

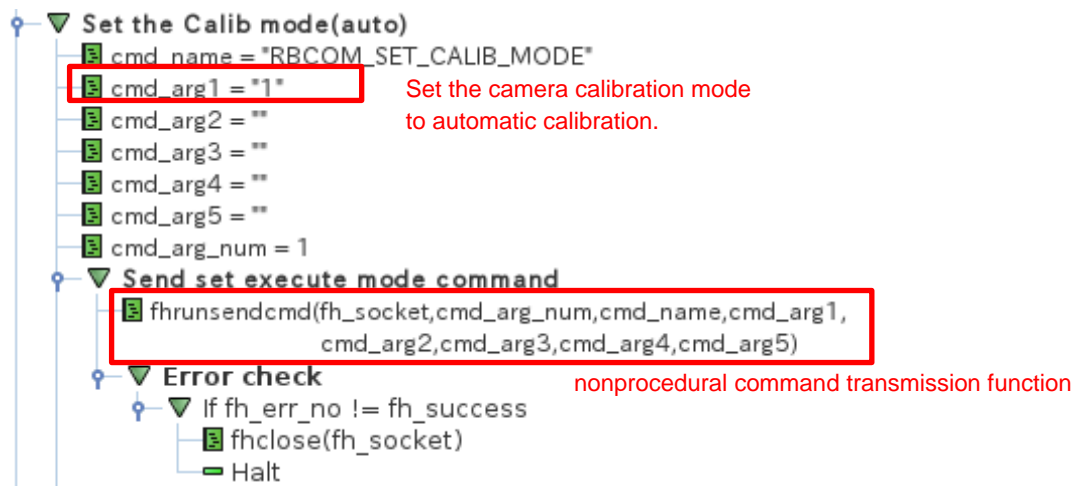
If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (*fhsample\_main*) without executing camera calibration.



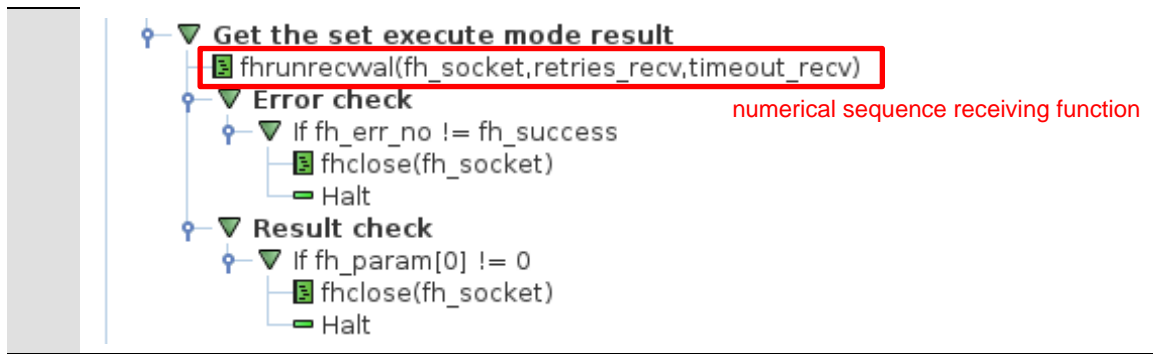
### Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg1 to 1. To send the camera calibration mode change command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_SET\_CALIB\_MODE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



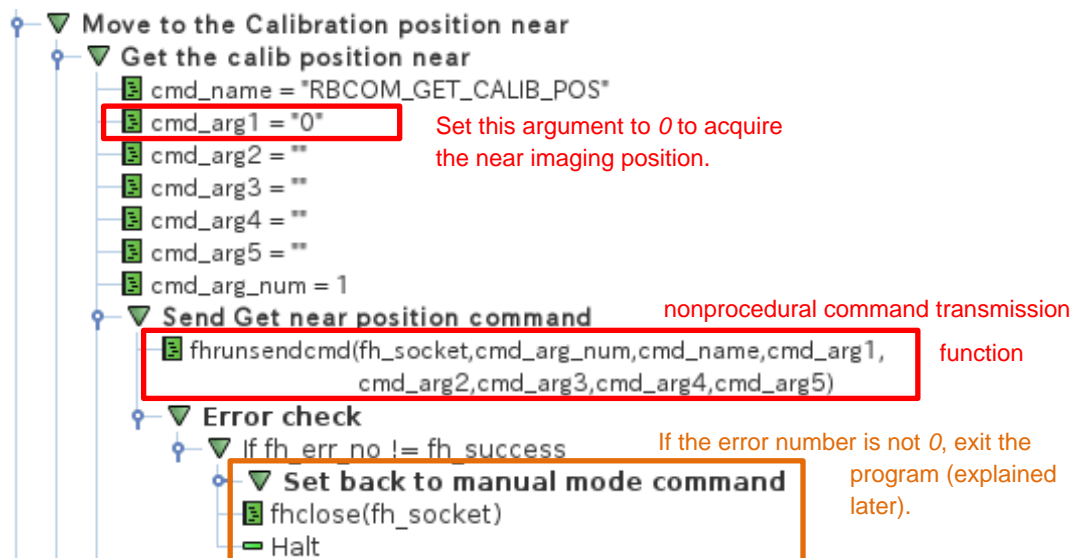
- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).



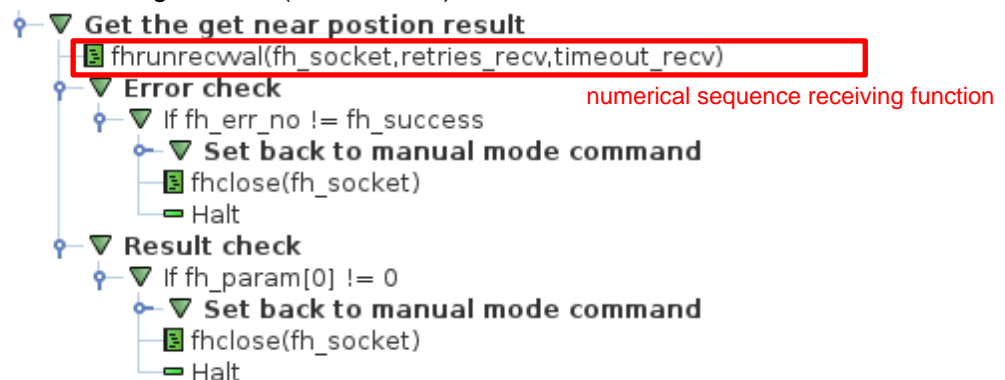
## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in Automatic Calibration (Vision Master).

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg1 to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



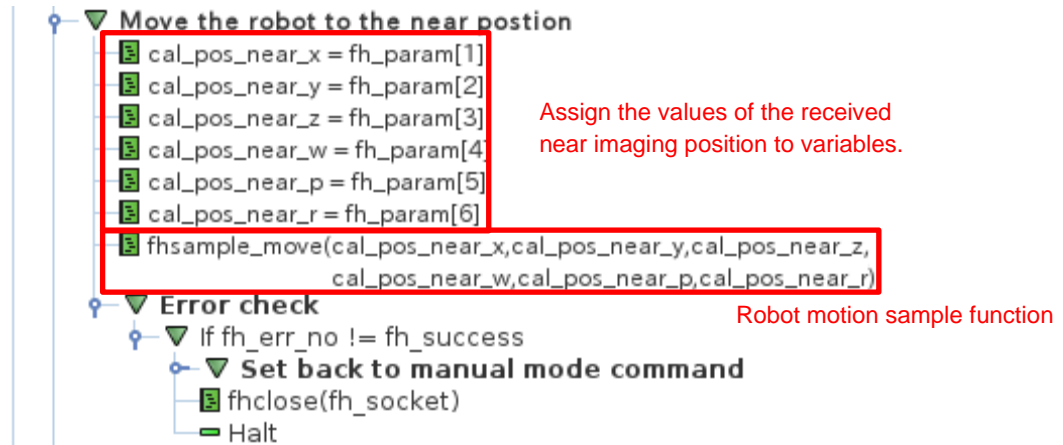
- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).



## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables, then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.



## ⚠ WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

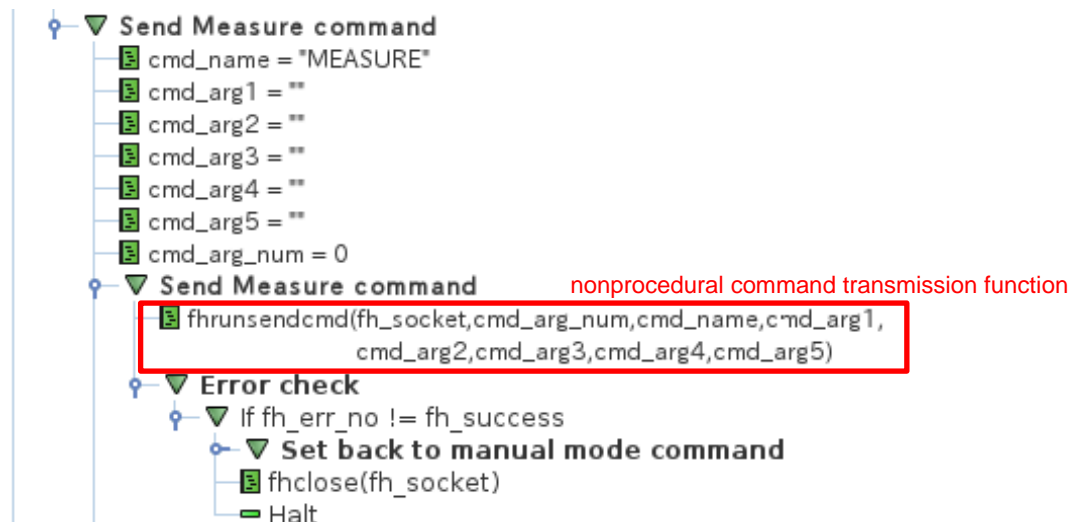
Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



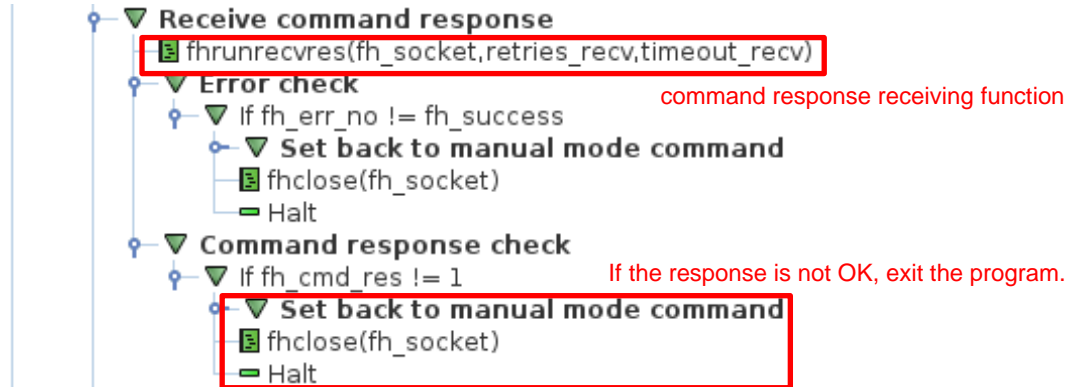
## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

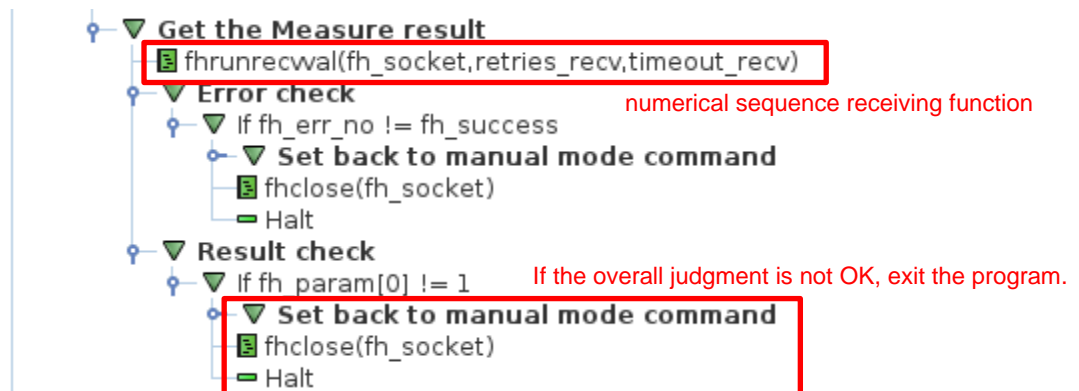
- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.



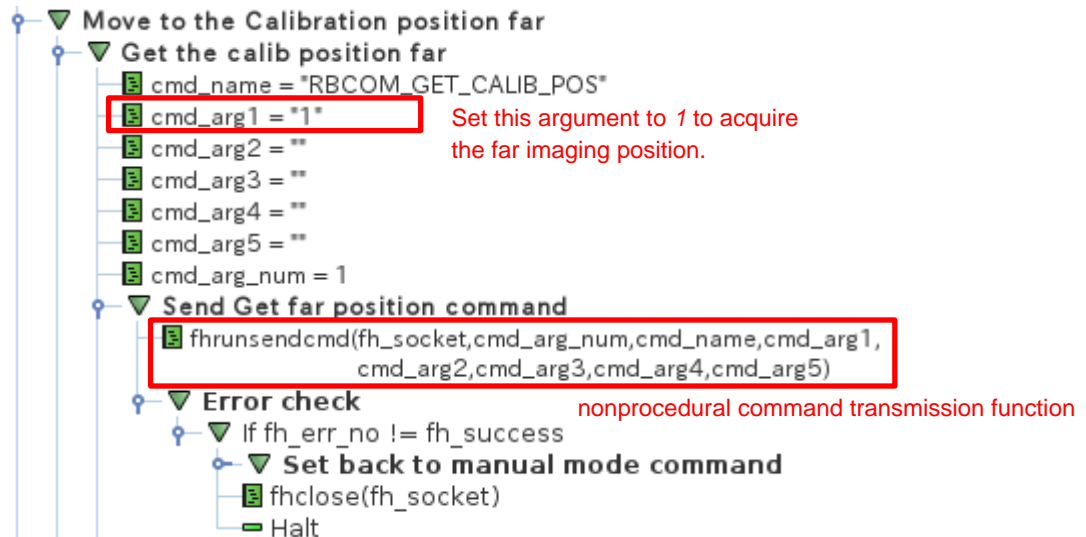
- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.  
This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"



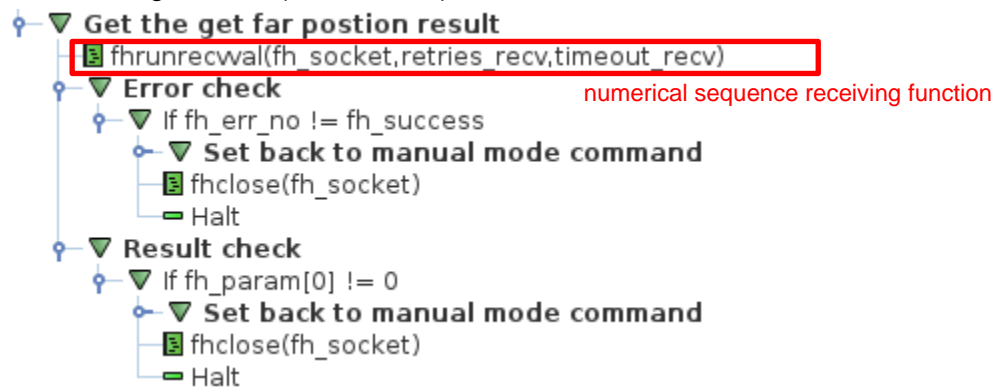
## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in Automatic Calibration (Vision Master).

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument cmd\_arg1 to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



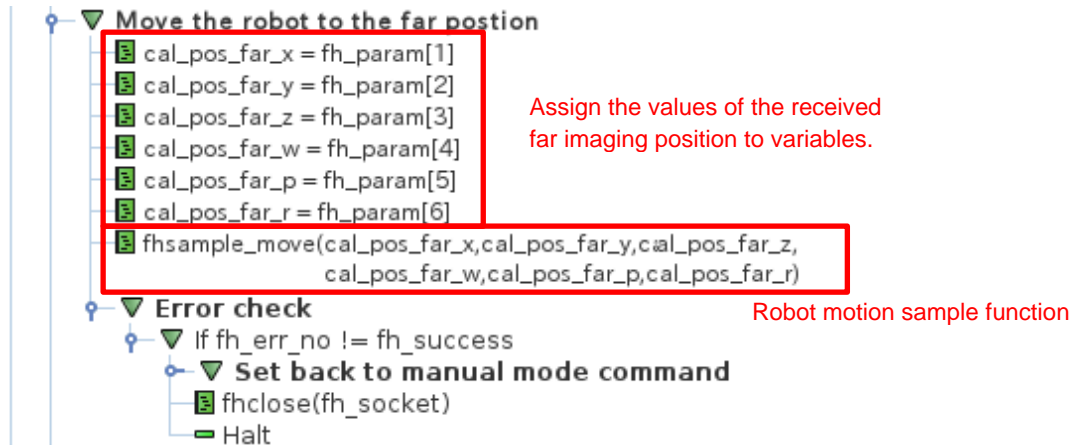
- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).



## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables, then execute the robot motion function (fhsample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.



## ! WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

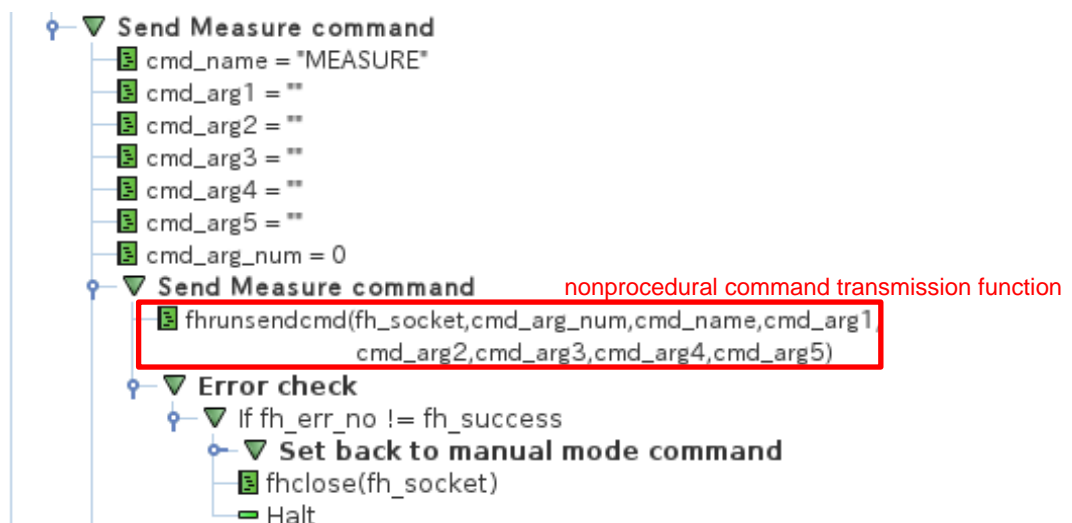
Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

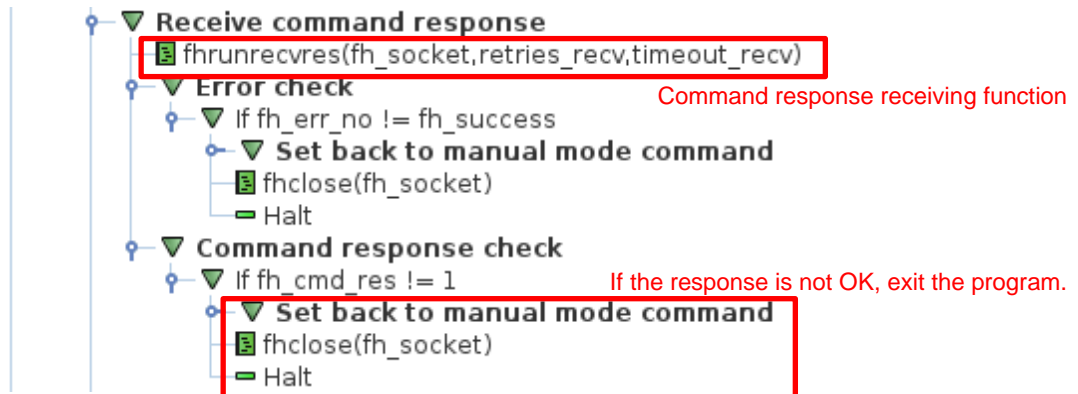
The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).



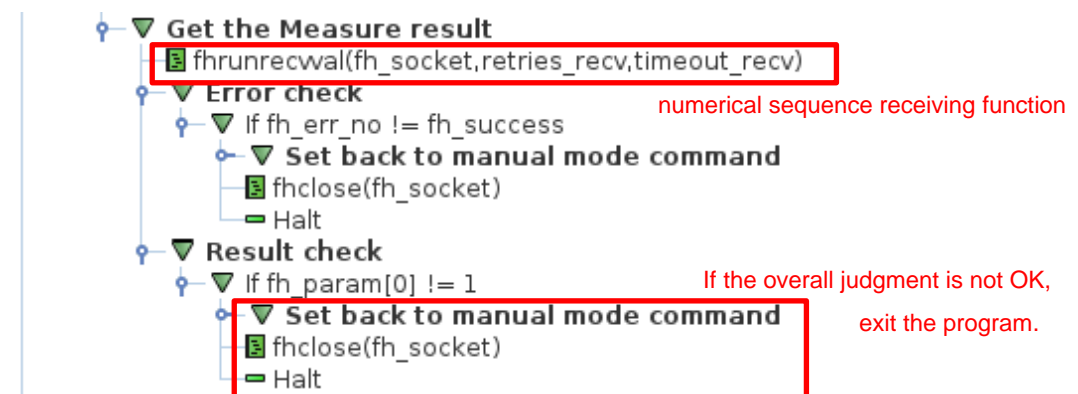


- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.



- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

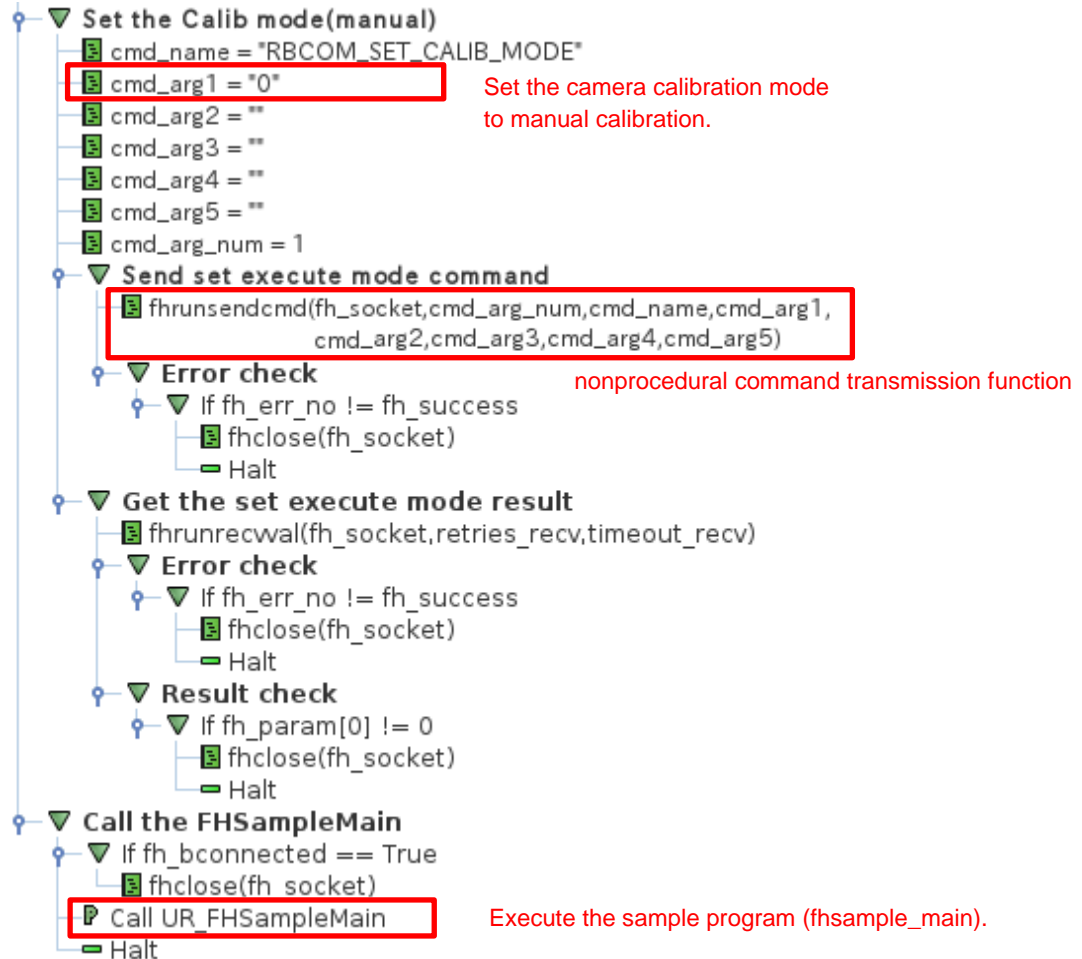
This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"



## Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

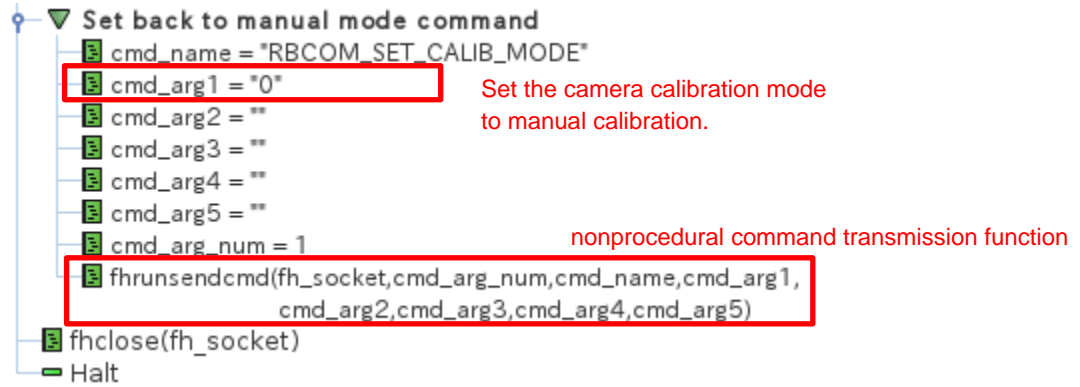
- 1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd), and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).



## Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.



### 3.7.8. For Robots Manufactured by NACHI-FUJIKOSHI CORP. Connecting Vision Sensor to Robot Controller

The following describes a program that connects the Vision Sensor to the robot controller.

<b>1</b>	<p>Declare internal variables. * Description omitted (Refer to the source code.)</p>
<b>2</b>	<p>Execute the global variable initialization function (fhdefglobal). 'Set Parameter value <code>CallProc fhdefglobal()</code> Initialization function for external variables</p>
<b>3</b>	<p>Set the IP address and port number of the Vision Sensor as variables (if the default values need to be changed). 'Set network parameter <code>fh_ip_address = 100</code> IP address <code>fh_port_no = 9876</code> Port number <code>fh_retries_connect = 2</code> <code>fh_timeout_connect = 4</code></p>
<b>4</b>	<p>Start the user task for Connect to FH server. 'Set the user task do nothing <code>fh_usertaskfunc_no = 0</code> 'Start User Task <code>FORKMCR 990, 10000</code> Start the user task program <code>CallProc fhsample_calaos()</code></p>
<b>5</b>	<p>Set the variables as coordinate number. No.0 as local coordinate (Robot coordinate system), No.32 as tool coordinate (Flange coordinate system). Execute the function(fhreflectcoord) to change the coordinate. 'Set the coordinate <code>set_local_coord_no = 0</code> <code>set_tool_coord_no = 32</code> 'Change the coordinate <code>CallProc fhreflectcoord(set_local_coord_no,set_tool_coord_no)</code> 'Error check <code>IF fh_err_number &lt;&gt; fh_success</code> <code>GoTo *CLOSE_AOS</code> <code>ENDIF</code></p>
<b>6</b>	<p>Set the variables as arguments for the connection function (fhconnect) to the Vision Sensor (FH server) and execute it. <code>WHILE fh_bconnected = 0</code> 'Connect <code>CallProc fhconnect()</code> Connection function with the Vision Sensor (FH server) <code>IF fh_err_number &lt;&gt; fh_success</code> <code>GoTo *CLOSE_AOS</code> <code>ENDIF</code> <code>ENDW</code></p>

## Switching Scenes on the Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that switches the scene to a Camera Calibration AOS scene.

- 1 Set the scene number (127) of the Camera Calibration AOS as a variable. With the variable set as an argument, execute the scene switching function (fhsample\_chgscn).

```
'(1)Change the scene of the FH
```

```
' You have to select a scene No. for your application.
```

```
fh_sceneno_input = 127
```

Scene number

```
CallProc fhsample_chgscn(fh_sceneno_input)
```

```
'Error check
```

Scene switching command execution sample function

```
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
```

```
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
```

```
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Camera Status from the 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that acquires the camera status of the 3D vision sensor and checks if the warmup of the camera is completed.

- 1 To send the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CAMERA\_STATUS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (*fhrunsendcmd*).

```
'(2)Get the camera status
' Check the camera status,When warming wait 1 second until status is OK
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_GET_CAMERA_STATUS"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt= 0
WHILE L2% = 0
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

*fhrunsendcmd* nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the camera status acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (*fhrunrecvval*).

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

*fhrunrecvval* numerical sequence receiving function

- 3 Keep sending the camera status acquisition command to the Vision Sensor until the camera status changes to warmup complete.

```
IF fh_param[2] = -1
L2% = 0
DELAY 1
ELSEIF fh_param[2] = 1
L2% = 1
ELSE
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

If the camera status is warmup incomplete,  
send the camera status acquisition command again.

If the camera status is warmup complete,  
proceed to the next processing.

## Acquiring the Calibration Date/Time Comparison Result the from 3D Vision Sensor

The following describes a program that checks if the date of calibration of the 3D vision sensor matches the internal date of the Vision Sensor and determines whether the AOS camera calibration must be executed.

- 1 To send the date/time comparison result acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIBTIME\_COMP* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (*fhrunsendcmd*).

```
'(3)Get the Calib time to compare
' Compare the Calib time to the current time
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_GET_CALIBTIME_COMP"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 0
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the calibration date/time comparison result acquisition command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (*fhrunrecvval*).

If the date of calibration of the camera matches the internal date of the FH series, execute the sample program (*fhsample\_main*) without executing camera calibration.

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
IF fh_param[2] = 1
GoTo *CALL_FHSAMPLE
ENDIF
```

numerical sequence receiving function

If calibration is not required,  
execute the sample program (*fhsample\_main*).

## Changing the Calibration Mode of AOS Camera Calibration

The following describes a program that changes the calibration mode of AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration so that AOS camera calibration can be executed during measurement.

- 1 To change the calibration mode of the AOS camera calibration to automatic calibration, set the first nonprocedural command argument `fh_cmd_input_arg[1]` to 1. To send the camera calibration mode change command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to `RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE` and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (`fhrunsendcmd`).

```
'(4)Send the execute mode command
' Set the Calib mode to the auto mode
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = "1"
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 1
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

Set the camera calibration mode to automatic calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the camera calibration mode change command from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (`fhrunrecvval`).

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
```

numerical sequence receiving function



## Acquiring the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the near imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the near imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument `fh_cmd_input_arg[1]` to 0. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to `RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS` and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (`fhrunsendcmd`).

```
'(5)Calibration position near
' Get the calib position near,Meausure at calib position near
'Get calib position near

fh_res_string = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = "0"
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 1
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

Set this argument to 0 to acquire the near imaging position.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the near imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (`fhrunrecvval`).

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

numerical sequence receiving function

## Moving the Robot to the Near Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the near imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received near imaging position in variables. then execute the robot motion function (fh\_sample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired near imaging position.

```
'Move to calib position near
```

```
fh_move_position[1] = fh_param[2]
fh_move_position[2] = fh_param[3]
fh_move_position[3] = fh_param[4]
fh_move_position[4] = fh_param[5]
fh_move_position[5] = fh_param[6]
fh_move_position[6] = fh_param[7]
```

Assign the values of the received near imaging position to variables.

```
CallProc
fh_sample_move(fh_move_position[1],fh_move_position[2],fh_move_position[3],fh_move_p
osition[4],fh_move_position[5],fh_move_position[6])
```

```
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
  GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

Robot motion sample function

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Near Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the near imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'Send Measure Command
fh_res_string = "MEASURE"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 0
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc L4% = fhrunrecvres()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF

'Command Response Check
IF L4% <> 1
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

command response receiving function

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
'Get the Measurement Result
```

```
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
```

numerical sequence receiving function

```
'Error check
```

```
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
```

```
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
'Total Judge Check
```

```
IF fh_param[1] <> 1
```

```
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program

```
ENDIF
```

## Acquiring the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that acquires the far imaging position registered in *Automatic Calibration (Vision Master)*.

- 1 To acquire the far imaging position, set the first nonprocedural command argument fh\_cmd\_input\_arg[1] to 1. To send the camera calibration imaging position acquisition command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *RBCOM\_GET\_CALIB\_POS* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'(6)Calibration position far
' Get the calib position Far,Measure at calib position far
'Get calib position far
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_GET_CALIB_POS"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = "1"
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 1
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

Set this argument to 1 to acquire the far imaging position.

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the far imaging position from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrecvval).

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

## Moving the Robot to the Far Imaging Position

The following describes a program that moves the robot to the far imaging position.

- 1 Store the values of the received far imaging position in variables. Then execute the robot motion function (fh\_sample\_move) to move the robot to the acquired far imaging position.

```
'Move to calib position far
```

```
fh_move_position[1] = fh_param[2]  
fh_move_position[2] = fh_param[3]  
fh_move_position[3] = fh_param[4]  
fh_move_position[4] = fh_param[5]  
fh_move_position[5] = fh_param[6]  
fh_move_position[6] = fh_param[7]
```

Assign the values of the received far imaging position to variables.

```
CallProc  
fh_sample_move(fh_move_position[1],fh_move_position[2],fh_move_position[3],fh_move_p  
osition[4],fh_move_position[5],fh_move_position[6])
```

```
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
```

Robot motion sample function

```
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
```

```
ENDIF
```

### WARNING

These operations drive the robot.

Operate the robot in the state whereby pressing the [Emergency stop] button can stop its motion anytime.



## Executing a Measurement (Far Imaging Position)

The following describes a program that executes a measurement at the far imaging position.

- 1 To send the measurement command to the Vision Sensor, set the nonprocedural command name to *MEASURE* and execute the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd).

```
'Send Measure Command
fh_res_string = "MEASURE"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 0
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

- 2 To receive the response to the measurement command from the Vision Sensor, execute the command response receiving function (fhrunrecvres).  
If the response is not OK, execute the processing to end the program.

```
'Recv Command Response
CallProc L4% = fhrunrecvres()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF

'Command Response Check
IF L4% <> 1
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
ENDIF
```

Command response receiving function

If the response is not OK, exit the program.

- 3 To receive the measurement result from the Vision Sensor, execute the numerical sequence receiving function (fhrunrcvval) and check the value of the received overall judgment.

This program is created on the assumption that the measurement result from the Vision Sensor is sent as "TJG"

```
'Get the Measurement Result
```

```
CallProc fhrunrcvval()
```

nonprocedural command transmission function

```
'Error check
```

```
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
```

```
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
'Total Judge Check
```

```
IF fh_param[1] <> 1
```

```
GoTo *SET_MANUAL_MODE
```

```
ENDIF
```

If the overall judgment is not OK, exit the program



## Ending the Program (Normal End)

The following describes processing that is carried out when AOS camera calibration is normally ended.

- 1 If this processing is successful, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command to manual calibration by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd), and then executes the sample program (fhsample\_main).

```
'(7)Set the calibration manual mode
'Set Calib manual mode
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = "0"
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 1
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF

'Recv Command Response
CallProc fhrunrecvval()
'Error check
IF fh_err_number <> fh_success
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF
IF fh_param[1] <> 0
GoTo *CLOSE_AOS
ENDIF

*CALL_FHSAMPLE
'Call program of FH sample
CallProc fhsample_main()
GoTo *EXIT_AOS
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function

Execute the sample program (fhsample\_main).

## Ending the Program (Error End)

The following describes processing that is carried out if an error occurs during execution of AOS camera calibration.

- 1 If an error occurs during execution, the program sends the camera calibration mode change command by the nonprocedural command transmission function (fhrunsendcmd) to set the manual calibration mode, and then stops the program.

```
'3. Finalization sequence
' Disconnect to the FH server
' Send Calib manual mode (manual mode)

*SET_MANUAL_MODE
'Send Calib manual mode Command
fh_res_string = "RBCOM_SET_CALIB_MODE"
fh_cmd_input_arg[1] = "0"
fh_cmd_input_arg[2] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[3] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[4] = ""
fh_cmd_input_arg[5] = ""
fh_para_cnt = 1
CallProc fhrunsendcmd(fh_para_cnt, fh_res_string, fh_cmd_input_arg[1-5])
CallProc fhrunrecvval()

*CLOSE_AOS
CallProc fhclose()

*EXIT_AOS
EndProc
```

Set the camera calibration mode to manual calibration.

nonprocedural command transmission function



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