## OMRON

**LD-series** 

## **AMR Battery Power Sharing**

**User's Guide** 

25240-000A

### - NOTE -

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form, or by any means, mechanical, electronic, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of OMRON.

No patent liability is assumed with respect to the use of the information contained herein. Moreover, because OMRON is constantly striving to improve its high-quality products, the information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this manual. Nevertheless, OMRON assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions. Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained in this publication.

### - Trademarks -

Company names and product names in this document are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

### Copyrights

Microsoft product screen shots reprinted with permission from Microsoft Corporation.

## Introduction

This guide is OMRON's original instructions describing the setup and operations of the product.

Please read this guide and make sure you understand the details and procedures before attempting to use the LD battery power.

Keep this guide in a safe place where it will be available for reference.

### **Intended Audience**

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of factory automation (FA) systems and robotic control methods.

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

### **Applicable Battery Models**

This manual provides information for all LD-series AMR batteries with a part number of 20452-700.

### Units

All units are metric unless otherwise noted.

## **Manual Information**

### **Page Structure**



The following page structure is used in this manual.

Note: This illustration is provided as a sample. It will not literally appear in this manual.

Item	Explanation	ltem	Explanation
А	Level 1 heading	Е	Special Information
В	Level 2 heading	F	Manual name
С	Level 3 heading	G	Page tab with the number of the main section
D	Step in a procedure	Н	Page number

### **Special Information**

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

### Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.



R

51:

### **Precautions for Correct Use**

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.

### Additional Information

Additional information to read as required. This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.



### **Version Information**

Information on differences in specifications and functionality between different versions.

1

## **Sections in this Manual**

1	Introduction		2
		_ /	3
2	Electrical Considerations		•
		_ / _	Α
3	Omron Techman Robot Connection		
4	Appendices		

## CONTENTS

Introduction	
Intended Audience	
Applicable Battery Models	1
Units	1
Manual Information	
Page Structure	2
Special Information	2
Sections in this Manual	5
Terms and Conditions Agreement	
Warranty and Limitations of Liability	
Application Considerations	
Disclaimers	9
Safety Precautions	
Definition of Precautionary Information	
Symbols	10
Warnings	10
Precautions for Safe Use	
Related Manuals	13

### Section 1 Introduction

1-1	Overview	.1-2
1-2	LD Battery Compatibility	.1-3

### Section 2 Electrical Considerations

2-1 Batte	erv Characteristics	
2-1-1	AMR Current Consumption	2-2
2-1-2	Battery Voltage Fluctuations	2-2
2-2 Batte	erv Overvoltage	
2-2-1	Regenerative Loads	
2-2-2	Inductive Loads	2-4
2-3 Batte	ery Current Limits	2-5
2-4 Pow	er-up and Inrush	
2-4-1	Sequenced Power-up	2-6
2-4-2	Inrush Current Limiter	2-6
2-5 Acce	essing the Battery Power	
2-5-1	Battery Power Sharing Cable Creation and Installation Procedure	2-9

### Section 3 Omron Techman Robot Connection

3-1	Techman Robot Power Connection Details	3-2	2

### Appendices

A-1	Example Equipment List	<b>A</b> -	-2
-----	------------------------	------------	----

## **Terms and Conditions Agreement**

### Warranty and Limitations of Liability

### Warranty

### Exclusive Warranty

Omron's exclusive warranty is that the Products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of twelve months from the date of sale by Omron (or such other period expressed in writing by Omron). Omron disclaims all other warranties, expressed or implied.

### Limitations

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ABOUT NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. BUYER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. Omron further disclaims all warranties and responsibility of any type for claims or expenses based on infringement by the Products or otherwise of any intellectual property right.

### Buyer Remedy

Omron's sole obligation hereunder shall be, at Omron's election, to (i) replace (in the form originally shipped with Buyer responsible for labor charges for removal or replacement thereof) the non-complying Product, (ii) repair the non-complying Product, or (iii) repay or credit Buyer an amount equal to the purchase price of the non-complying Product; provided that in no event shall Omron be responsible for warranty, repair, indemnity or any other claims or expenses regarding the Products unless Omron's analysis confirms that the Products were properly handled, stored, installed and maintained and not subject to contamination, abuse, misuse or inappropriate modification. Return of any Products by Buyer must be approved in writing by Omron before shipment. Omron Companies shall not be liable for the suitability or unsuitability or the results from the use of Products in combination with any electrical or electronic components, circuits, system assemblies or any other materials or substances or environments. Any advice, recommendations or information given orally or in writing, are not to be construed as an amendment or addition to the above warranty.

See http://www.omron.com/global/ or contact your Omron representative for published information.

### Limitations of Liability

OMRON COMPANIES SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CON-SEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS OR PRODUCTION OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE OR STRICT LIABILITY. Further, in no event shall liability of Omron Companies exceed the individual price of the Product on which liability is asserted.

### **Application Considerations**

### Suitability for Use

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes or regulations which apply to the combination of the Product in the Buyer's application or use of the Product. At Buyer's request, Omron will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use which apply to the Product. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the Product in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use. Buyer shall be solely responsible for determining appropriateness of the particular Product with respect to Buyer's application, product or system. Buyer shall take application responsibility in all cases.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCT FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT(S) IS PROPERLY RATED AND IN-STALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

### **Programmable Products**

- Omron Companies shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable Product, or any consequence thereof.
- Omron Companies shall not be responsible for the operation of the user accessible operating system (e.g. Windows, Linux), or any consequence thereof.

### Disclaimers

### **Performance Data**

Data presented in Omron Company websites, catalogs and other materials is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of Omron's test conditions, and the user must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the Omron's Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

### **Change in Specifications**

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

### **Errors and Omissions**

Information presented by Omron Companies has been checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical or proofreading errors or omissions.

## **Safety Precautions**

### **Definition of Precautionary Information**

The following notation is used in this manual to provide precautions required to ensure safe usage of the LD-series AMR. The safety precautions that are provided are extremely important to safety. Always read and heed the information provided in all safety precautions.

The following notation is used.

Anger Danger	Identifies an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoid- ed, is likely to result in serious injury, and might result in fatality or severe property damage.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoid- ed, could result in death or serious injury. Additionally, there may be severe property damage.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoid- ed, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

### **Symbols**

	The circle and slash symbol indicates operations that you must not do. The specific opera- tion is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example indicates prohibiting disassembly.
	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.
$\bigwedge$	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a general precaution.
0	The filled circle symbol indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.
	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for high temperatures.

### Warnings

## 

### Cybersecurity

To maintain the security and reliability of the system, a robust cybersecurity defense program should be implemented, which may include some or all of the following:

### Anti-virus protection

- Install the latest commercial-quality anti-virus software on the computer connected to the control system and keep the software and virus definitions up-to-date.
- Scan USB drives or other external storage devices before connecting them to control systems and equipment.

### Security measures to prevent unauthorized network access

- Install physical controls so that only authorized personnel can access control systems and equipment.
- Reduce connections to control systems and equipment via networks to prevent access from untrusted devices.
- Install firewalls to block unused communications ports and limit communication between systems. Limit access between control systems and systems from the IT network.
- Control remote access and adopt multifactor authentication to devices with remote access to control systems and equipment.
- · Set strong password policies and monitor for compliance frequently.

### Data input and output protection

- Backup data and keep the data up-to-date periodically to prepare for data loss.
- Validate backups and retention policies to cope with unintentional modification of input/ output data to control systems and equipment.
- Validate the scope of data protection regularly to accommodate changes.
- Check validity of backups by scheduling test restores to ensure successful recovery from incidents.
- Safety design, such as emergency shutdown and fail-soft operations in case of data tampering and incidents.

### Additional recommendations

- When using an external network environment to connect to an unauthorized terminal such as a SCADA, HMI or to an unauthorized server may result in network security issues such as spoofing and tampering.
- You must take sufficient measures such as restricting access to the terminal, using a terminal equipped with a secure function, and locking the installation area by yourself.
- When constructing network infrastructure, communication failure may occur due to cable disconnection or the influence of unauthorized network equipment.
- Take adequate measures, such as restricting physical access to network devices, by means such as locking the installation area.
- When using devices equipped with an SD Memory Card, there is a security risk that a third party may acquire, alter, or replace the files and data in the removable media by removing or unmounting the media.
- Please take sufficient measures, such as restricting physical access to the Controller or taking appropriate management measures for removable media, by means of locking and controlling access to the installation area.
- Educate employees to help them identify phishing scams received via email on systems that will connect to the control network.



## **Precautions for Safe Use**

- It is required that the terminal block-based splitter cable design be used as shown below instead of any other methods like soldering and splicing, as there is a chance that a cable with a poor contact can cause overheating in the cable that could lead to a fire.
- Ensure all electrical connections on terminal blocks are torqued to the manufacture's specification.
- You can contribute to resource conservation and protecting the environment by the proper disposal
  of Waste Electronics and Electrical Equipment (WEEE). All electrical and electronic products should
  be disposed of separately from the municipal waste system according to local ordinances using designated collection facilities.



## **Related Manuals**

Use the following related manuals for reference.

Manual Title	Description
LD-60/90 Platform User's Manual (Cat. No. I611)	Provides information about the setup, operations, and user maintenance of the LD-60/90 AMR Platform.
LD-250 Platform User's Manual (Cat. No. I642)	Provides information about the setup, operations, and user maintenance of the LD-250 AMR Platform.

# 1

## Introduction

This section provides introductory information about LD-series battery power sharing.

1-1	Overview	1-2
1-2	LD Battery Compatibility	1-3

## 1-1 Overview

This document describes how to use the LD battery to power user-supplied equipment that requires more than 10 amps. These connections are typically required when AMR payload devices (conveyors, lifts, etc.) require more power than can be provided by the LD Core USER PWR or AUX PWR connectors.

The LD battery is a lithium-ion (LifePO4) type, and has specific limitations. It is important to understand these limitations before attempting to connect loads directly to the LD-series battery.

If your equipment requires less than 10 amps, utilize the standard USER PWR and AUX PWR connections as described in the LD AMR User's Manuals.



Connecting loads directly to an LD battery that is not compatible can result in fires and will permanently damage equipment. Never connect electrical loads directly to LD batteries that are not compatible.



### Precautions for Correct Use

[M

Information in this document applies to the new generation LD battery only. Refer to *1-2 LD Battery Compatibility* on page 1-3 to determine if an LD battery is compatible with this connection method.

The basic connection method is represented in the following diagram.



## **1-2 LD Battery Compatibility**

Check the LD battery label to determine if an LD battery is compatible with direct electrical connections.



A compatible LD battery will have a part number 20452-700 as shown below.



If your battery has a part number 20452-000, it is not compatible and does not support connections described in this document.

## 2

## **Electrical Considerations**

Electrical consideration information is provided in this section.

2-1	Batterv	Characteristics	2-2
	2-1-1	AMR Current Consumption	
	2-1-2	Battery Voltage Fluctuations	
2-2	Battery	v Overvoltage	2-4
	2-2-1	Regenerative Loads	
	2-2-2	Inductive Loads	2-4
2-3	Battery	Current Limits	2-5
2-4	Power-	up and Inrush	2-6
	2-4-1	Sequenced Power-up	2-6
	2-4-2	Inrush Current Limiter	2-6
2-5	Access	ing the Battery Power	2-9
	2-5-1	Battery Power Sharing Cable Creation and Installation Procedure	

## **2-1 Battery Characteristics**

The behavior of the battery during typical AMR operation is characterized in the following sections.

### 2-1-1 AMR Current Consumption

AMR current consumption during typical operation states is provided below.

- 1.5 amps when the AMR is powered ON and stationary.
- ~4.8 amps when moving in a straight line at a constant speed on a level surface (average).
- 62 amps maximum, momentarily while accelerating under extreme conditions (high payload, high acceleration rate, inclined surface, etc.).

User-supplied equipment connected directly to the battery should not be active while the AMR is moving to avoid unexpected AMR shutdown and other problems. If this equipment must be active while the AMR is moving, reduce translational and rotational accelerations to minimize current draw by the AMR drive motors.

### **Additional Information**

The current consumed by the AMR while autonomously navigating a workspace will fluctuate significantly due to obstacle avoidance, turning, floor surface, and other variability in the environment.

### 2-1-2 Battery Voltage Fluctuations

The LD battery is a lithium battery pack that outputs a nominal voltage of 25.6V. However, the battery operating voltage will vary between 22 and 30 VDC depending on the charge level and the instantaneous load.

A user-supplied DC-to-DC converter may be necessary if the connected equipment is affected by voltage fluctuations.



## 2-2 Battery Overvoltage

Use the information in the following sections to understand and mitigate battery overvoltage conditions.

### 2-2-1 Regenerative Loads

Some load types may generate electricity during certain operations. For example, a motorized lifting mechanism may generate electricity while lowering, or a motorized arm may generate electricity while decelerating to a stop.

The LD Battery can accept some regenerative electricity, but it depends on the regenerative current profile and the charge state of the battery itself.

Voltage at the battery terminals cannot exceed 35 VDC. Exceeding this limit can result in battery errors or damage to the battery. Refer to the AMR user's manual for more information about battery errors.

Mitigate regenerative loads by installing shunt regulator devices. Shunt regulators dissipate energy when a specific voltage (clamping voltage) is exceeded, to protect the battery from excessive voltage. A recommended set point for a shunt regulator is 30 VDC.



### **Additional Information**

The RoboteQ SR2K69V25R is an example of a shunt regulator. Select a comparable product suitable for your application.



### 2-2-2 Inductive Loads

Inductive loads that are connected to the LD Battery may cause harmful transient voltage spikes when power is removed. Devices such as contactors, relays, DC motors, and coils typically exhibit this behavior known as counter-electromotive force, EMF, CEMF, or inductive kickback. Any device that exhibits this behavior may also introduce electromagnetic interference to nearby equipment. Mitigate these transient voltages by adding a diode across the positive and negative terminals of the inductive load. These diodes are also known as flyback / snubber diodes. Select a diode that is capable of conducting the maximum load current.



## 2-3 Battery Current Limits

The LD battery is rated to deliver up to 40 amps continuously. It can deliver higher current momentarily, as shown in the current output duration graph below.

If the battery current limit is exceeded, a battery protection feature is activated and battery power output will stop. Refer to the AMR user's manual for more information about battery errors.



Battery Current Output Duration Limits

### гÞ

### **Precautions for Correct Use**

Battery output is shared between AMR functions and user-supplied equipment. Refer to *2-1-1 AMR Current Consumption* on page 2-2 for more information about typical AMR current draw. Make considerations for this when selecting electrical equipment that shares the AMR battery power.

## 2-4 Power-up and Inrush

Some user-supplied equipment may consume large amounts of current during power up for a short duration, which may lead to battery protection shutdown. Devices such as transformers, coils, inductive loads, or other equipment with capacitors may exhibit this behavior. It is essential to know the inrush requirements of the user-supplied equipment and take measures to ensure that it does not exceed the battery's overload capacity.



### **Additional Information**

If the battery shuts down immediately when the load is turned on, it suggests that the load is either drawing an inrush current exceeding the battery's overload specifications or there may be a short in the circuit.

Mitigate high inrush currents during equipment power up with the following methods.

### 2-4-1 Sequenced Power-up

If multiple user-supplied devices must be powered up, use a power-up sequence to avoid turning all equipment on at the same moment.



Timing Diagram - Sequenced Startup vs Simultaneous Startup

Implement a time delay between each device's connection to the battery circuit to keep the inrush current below allowable limits. Check equipment inrush current specifications to establish a timing and sequencing profile.

### 2-4-2 Inrush Current Limiter

An inrush current limiter is a circuit that limits the current to a lower value during the inrush period. Once past the inrush period, the limiter is bypassed to allow the load to be directly connected to the battery. Reducing current supplied to a load may impact operation or functionality. Always consider the effect of reducing current to the load before implementing inrush current limiting.



### **Current Limiting Resistor Sizing**

At power up, the current limiter resistance (R<sub>i</sub>) is in series with the load while the (normally open) bypass relay is open.

The current limiter resistance reduces the inrush current to a desired value within the battery current allowance. Once the load is sufficiently powered and the load is charged, the bypass relay closes to bypass  $R_i$  to protect it from overheating during operation or affecting the delivered voltage.

The following example calculates the value of  $\mathsf{R}_i$  based on a load capacitance of  $1000\mu\mathsf{F}.$ 

Resistor size can be determined with the following calculations. Example values for the calculations are provided below.

- Battery voltage of 30 VDC
- Load capacitance of 1000µF
- Load resistance of 7.5 Ω
- Maximum current limit of 40 A
- $R_i$  = 30 VDC / 40 A = 0.75  $\Omega$

Power =  $(40 \text{ A})^2 \times 0.75 \Omega = 1200 \text{ W}$ 

The load will take 2.25 ms to reach a 95% battery voltage during this inrush period as shown in the calculation below.

-0.75 Ω x 1000µF x ln(0.05) = 2.25 ms

Energy dissipation resistors can be downsized from 1200 W because they can typically manage power several times the rated value for short a short duration. Check the power overload curve specifications to select an appropriately sized dissipation resistor.

An example power overload curve specification is provided below. This applies to the resistor family HSA50 manufactured by TE Connectivity.



Based on this power overload curve above, a dissipation resistor with 0.75 resistance can withstand 25 times its rated power for a duration of 1 second or less. A 50 W rated resistor (TE Connectivity HSA50R75J) would be sufficient based on the following calculation. 1200 W / 25 = 50 W

### **Inrush Protection Time-Delay Equipment**

To use an inrush protection circuit, a bypass relay must be open during the inrush period duration. The duration will vary based on the load type, size, and other electrical properties. If the inrush period cannot be calculated, measure the load's voltage from the moment electricity is applied to the moment it reaches 95% battery voltage. Use this amount of time for the time-delay circuit to close the bypass relay.

The time-delay is typically controlled using a PLC or time delay relay.

The bypass relay must be sized properly if the load fails to charge in the predetermined amount of time. Consider adding voltage level detection and error handling measures to account for a load that fails to charge properly.

## 2-5 Accessing the Battery Power

A cable must be created to access the LD Battery power. This cable preserves the LD Core power connections while providing a connection point for LD Battery power. This cable can be considered as a power splitter cable, to split power from the LD Battery to the LD Core and to user-supplied equipment.

A basic diagram of the cable and connection points is provided below.





### Additional Information

Refer to A-1 Example Equipment List on page A-2 for more information about cable connectors and other equipment.

### 2-5-1 Battery Power Sharing Cable Creation and Installation Procedure

Use the following procedure to assemble the battery power sharing cable and install it.



### **Precautions for Safe Use**

- Carefully follow the circuit diagram to ensure the pins are positioned correctly in the connectors. Incorrect assembly may cause a short circuit or reversed polarity, which could damage the electrical components.
- It is required that the terminal block-based splitter cable design be used as shown below instead of any other methods like soldering and splicing, as there is a chance that a cable with a poor contact can cause overheating in the cable that could lead to a fire.
- Ensure all electrical connections on terminal blocks are torqued to the manufacture's specification.

Make the following considerations before beginning this procedure:

- Access to LD Core connectors near the top surface of the AMR is required. Removal of any usersupplied payload equipment may be necessary to access this area.
- The AMR must be powered OFF with the battery removed before attempting this procedure.
- All cable routing and positioning must avoid sharp edges to prevent wire insulation damage that may lead to short circuits or other equipment damage.

The following tools and equipment are required to complete this procedure.

- All cable assembly equipment. Refer to A-1 Example Equipment List on page A-2 for a sample list of compatible equipment.
- 4 mm hex bit (LD-60/90) or 5 mm hex bit (LD-250).
- Torque wrench.
- Drill with 25 mm metal bit.
- Rubber grommet to fit 25 mm diameter hole.
- Wire management and securing devices such as cable ties or similar hardware.
- Terminator for the load power leads (if the user-supplied load is not available).

Assemble the battery power sharing cable as shown below.
 Ensure all terminals of the battery power sharing cable assembly are not exposed by using covers or other insulators.



Connector / Terminator

- 2 Turn OFF the AMR and then remove the battery. Refer to the AMR manual for details about turning the AMR OFF and how to remove the battery.
- **3** Remove the LD Core guard plate as illustrated below using a 4 mm hex bit (LD-60/90) or 5 mm hex bit (LD-250).



**4** Drill a 25 mm hole in LD Core guard plate at the approximate location shown below.



### **5** Insert the rubber grommet into the hole.

This grommet will protect the battery power sharing cable from chafing and damage to the insulation that could cause shorts or other damage to equipment.

6 Remove the connector of the pre-existing LD power cable from the LD Core BATTERY POW-ER port.



- 7 Connect the female Molex connector of the battery power sharing cable to the LD Core BAT-TERY POWER port.
- **8** Connect the male Molex connector of the battery power sharing cable to the pre-existing female connector on the LD power cable
- **9** Route the load power leads through the LD Core guard plate hole created in the previous step.
- **10** Secure the battery power sharing cable and terminals to the AMR with cable ties or similar hardware.

Make sure the battery power sharing wires and terminals are secure and will not move during AMR operation. Secure things properly to prevent vibrations from loosening terminals or damaging wire insulation.

**11** Place the LD Core guard plate in the original position and then fasten it. Apply a torque of 10 N-m (LD-60/90) or 16 N-m (LD-250).

- **12** Connect the battery power sharing cable load power leads to the user-supplied load. If the user-supplied load is not available, terminate the battery power sharing cable load power leads to prevent shorting.
- $\boldsymbol{13}$  Check that all connections are secured to complete this procedure.

## 3

## **Omron Techman Robot Connec**tion

This section provides information about connecting an Omron Techman robot to the LD AMR battery.

## 3-1 Techman Robot Power Connection Details

This section provides details about supplying power to an Techman Robot from an LD AMR battery. Make the following considerations before attempting to power an Techman Robot from an LD AMR battery.

### Inrush Current

The Techman TM5S/7S/12S/14S DC models have inrush power requirements that fall within the specifications of the LD Battery. No additional inrush equipment is necessary for these models.

· AC Models

An DC to AC inverter is required for AC models. This is not ideal because inverters create large inrush currents, and some mitigation may be necessary for these power-up conditions. The use of additional power conversion equipment will consume additional LD Battery power and will diminish overall system runtime.

Output Power Limitations

The total output power of the Techman robot axis motors will be reduced by 30% when powered by the LD Battery, as the battery cannot supply the 48V required for full power output. The peak acceleration and maximum payload for robot will be de-rated. The robot *time to top speed (ms)* parameter is lowered below the default 500 ms setting.

If maximum performance is required, a DC-to-DC converter can be added to the system to provide 48 VDC from the battery's nominal voltage. The use of additional power conversion equipment will consume additional LD Battery power and will diminish overall system runtime.

Techman Controller Power Cable

A power cable that is supplied with all models must be available. This cable provides power leads that will be used to connect to the Battery Power Sharing Cable described in the 2-5-1 Battery Power Sharing Cable Creation and Installation Procedure on page 2-9.

# A

## Appendices

### 

## A-1 Example Equipment List

A list of batter power sharing cable equipment is provided below as an example. Use this list as a guide for comparable equipment needed to make this cable.



ltem	Image	Quantity	Manufacturer	Part Number	Description
(A)		1	Molex	428160312	Minifit Sr 3 Posi- tion (Female)
(B)		1	Molex	428180312	Minifit Sr 3 Posi- tion (Male)
(C)		2	Polaris	IPLG6-3B	Multi-tap Single Side Entry Con- nector (3 port)
(D)		1	Wago	221-612/ VE00-1000	Terminal Butt Splice, Closed End, Individual Openings Con- nector Push In
(E)	and the second	1	Molex	2174812225	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Female Pin 8 awg Red 450 mm
(F)	2 Charles	1	Molex	2174832225	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Male Pin 8 awg Red 450 mm
(G)	and the second sec	1	Molex	2174812215	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Female Pin 10 awg Red 450 mm
(H)	a com	1	Molex	2174832215	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Male Pin 10 awg Red 450 mm

Item	Image	Quantity	Manufacturer	Part Number	Description		
(I)	ALC: NO	1	Molex	2174811225	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Female Pin 8 awg Black 450 mm		
(L)	Contract of the second	1	Molex	2174831225	Precrimped Min- ifit Sr Male Pin 8 awg Black 450 mm		
(K) (L)	User-supplied wire, 8 awg minimum <sup>*1</sup>						

\*1. Use the power cable that is supplied with the Omron Techman robot as shown below.



### **OMRON Corporation** Industrial Automation Company

Kyoto, JAPAN

### Regional Headquarters

OMRON EUROPE B.V. Wegalaan 67-69, 2132 JD Hoofddorp The Netherlands Tel: (31) 2356-81-300 Fax: (31) 2356-81-388

#### OMRON ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD. 438B Alexandra Road, #08-01/02 Alexandra Technopark, Singapore 119968 Tel: (65) 6835-3011 Fax: (65) 6835-3011

**OMRON ELECTRONICS LLC** 2895 Greenspoint Parkway, Suite 200 Hoffman Estates, IL 60169 U.S.A. Tel: (1) 847-843-7900 Fax: (1) 847-843-7787

**OMRON ROBOTICS AND SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.** 4225 Hacienda Drive, Pleasanton, CA 94588 U.S.A. Tel: (1) 925-245-3400 Fax: (1) 925-960-0590

ORCN (CHINA) CO., LTD. Room 2211, Bank of China Tower, 200 Yin Cheng Zhong Road, PuDong New Area, Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: (86) 21-6023-0333 Fax: (86) 21-5037-2388

Contact : www.ia.omron.com

Authorized Distributor:

©OMRON Corporation 2023 All Rights Reserved. In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.